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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DISCONTINUANCES.—Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.
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FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Attempt to Assassinate the Mikado of Japan.

LONDON, April 5.—A dispatch from Yeddo, dated March 26, announces that an attempt had been made by a party of twelve persons to assassinate the Mikado of Japan, but the efforts of the would-be murderers proved unsuccessful. The guard of the Mikado captured two of the party and the other ten escaped. This attempted assassination has caused great uneasiness on the part of the Government and orders have been issued forbidding foreigners to go beyond the limits of the city of Yeddo.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, April 5.—The cashier of the Rye Bank, at Limerick, Ireland, has absconded with a large amount of money. He is believed to have gone to the United States.

MADRID, April 5.—The elections have been very disorderly. In the town of Villabo, numerous bloody conflicts followed by fatal results have occurred between the Ministerial and Opposition partisans. The fights were not suppressed until two persons had been killed and a number seriously injured. The returns thus far show that sixty-seven Ministerialists and twenty-six Coalitionists have been elected.

MUNICH, April 5.—It is announced that King Ludwig, of Bavaria, is betrothed to the eldest daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia.

LONDON, April 5.—Gavazzi is accompanied in his trip to America by the Rev. Mr. Thompson, of Pennsylvania. Both are delegates from the free Italian Church of American Christians.

The *Echo* says that Sir Travers Twiss, whose wife mysteriously disappeared during the examination of Chalfers upon a charge of publishing articles defamatory of her character, has become insane.

The Markets.

LONDON, April 5—5.30 P. M.—Consols, money 92¾a 92⅞; United States 5-20s, 1865, 92; 5-20s, 1867, 92¼; 5-20s, 1868, 92⅝; 5-20s, 1869, 92⅝; 10-40s, 90¾. Tallow 60s. Sperm oil 98. Turpentine 53s 6da 54s.

PARIS, April 5.—Rentes 65f 70c. The specie in the bank of France has increased 10,500,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, April 5.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 11⅝d; middling Orleans 11¾d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000 bales; sales of the week 95,000 bales; export 8,000 bales; speculation 17,000 bales; stock 500,000 bales, 51,000 American. 200,000 continent receipts of the week 100,000—American 88,000; actual export 4,000 bales; afloat 300,000.

Red spring wheat 10s 8da10s; red winter 11s 7d; receipts of wheat for the past three days 15,000 quarters, of which 2,000 was American. Flour 28s 6d. Corn 28s. Cheese 26s. Cumberland middles 28s; short rib middles 28s. Lard 42s 9d.

ANTWERP, April 5.—Petroleum 44¼ francs.

XLII CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5, 1872.

SENATE.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up, and the annual debate on Indian policy ensured, lasting all day.

Mr. SCHURZ introduced a bill in reference to the carriage of freight and passengers by the Union Pacific Railroad Company and its branches. The bill sets forth the provisions of the act of 1862 and 1864, that the Union Pacific Railroad and branches chartered at the same should be operated as one continous and connected line, and that they should not discriminate against each other as to time or rates, or in any other way within the States. Some of the branch roads complain that they are discriminated against in violation of law, and as a remedy it provides that either of the companies aggrieved may commence a suit or suits, either in law or equity, in any Circuit Court of the United States or in any Territorial Court having jurisdiction, and that on final hearing the Court may render a judgment for all damages sustained by the complainant, and may enforce its judgment by execution and sale of the road and franchises, and if deemed necessary, may decree a forfeiture of charter of the offending company. The bill also provides that in cases where the Union Pacific road and branches or any of them cannot agree on terms for the transportation of freight and passengers, either company may notify the Secretary of the Interior of the fact, and he shall thereupon give notice to the other company or companies, and on the appointment he shall fix a schedule of rates which all be binding on the company arrested; and either of them shall refuse to abide by the decision, he may cause its road, &c., to be seized and sold on such terms as he may prescribe, or he may report the facts to the President of the United States, to be transmitted to Congress for such action as may be deemed proper.

The Senate then adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. DAWES, it was resolved that the House participate in the Morse memorial services on the evening of the 16th inst.

The Speaker to preside.

The bill authorizing the appointment of Shipping Commissioners was taken up, debated and passed.

A bill to pay to Captain Winslow and the widow of the Kearsarge at the time of the destruction of the rebel privateer Alabama, $199,565, it was the estimated value of the vessel and the pay roll of the ship at the time, was discussed. Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, approved the bill, but he wanted an amendment added that the amount shall be submitted to arbitration at Geneva as a part of the direct damages sustained by the United States under general terms of the Alabama claims. He urged that the money should be paid "out of moneys not otherwise appropriated" in the English treasury, not in the United States treasury.

The House went into Committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill, and it was debated at length. The discussion took a wide range, including politics in navy yards and armories, it being asserted and denied that skilled workmen were displaced during the most critical period of the war, and skilful mechanicians installed in their positions. Mr. BECK paid his respects to Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, saying that large sums of money had been spent for corrupt purposes, and to keep them loyal. He did not know what it had cost to keep Butler loyal. He knew that in 1861, when he and Butler were Democrats together, it took more trouble to keep the gentleman from Massachusetts and than it did himself; and if it was ascertained what the gentleman was worth now and what he had been worth then, the question would be answered.

Mr. BUTLER retorted by saying in substance that such vile flings came with bad grace from a man who occupied the place once filled by Jerry Clay.

At the close of the debate the bill was passed.

The House then adjourned. The session tomorrow will be for debate only.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Deseret Legislature met yesterday and organized permanently.

The iron works in Iron county, Utah, are successful. Iron ore is abundant and of good quality. Several agents of heavy English capitalists have lately arrived to examine the works.

The Mexican revolutionists, disgusted, are returning to their homes.

The Texan ranchers are preparing to retaliate on the Mexican cattle thieves.

A freight train ran into a passenger train at Hilton, Ill., Thursday evening, but did no great damage. One person only, a fireman, was killed.

The first vessel of the season arrived at Defiance from Cleveland yesterday.

Gold Hill, Nevada, Thursday, Johnny Jains called Willie Miller a "liar," when Miller struck him through the head with a knife. Both are under twelve years old.

C. Yaeger's flouring mill in St. Louis, which was partially destroyed by fire Thursday night, was the largest in the city, and valued at $75,000. The loss was $45,000, fully insured.

Samuel C. Morley, a machinist, committed suicide in Cleveland yesterday by cutting his throat. Small-pox delirium was the cause.

A woman named Kranze was suffocated in an ash hill in Cleveland Thursday night.

Mr. C. Clymer, of Johnson county, Illinois, was murdered near Vienna on Friday evening by an unknown highwayman.

The Iowa Senate has passed the House bill, a measure still more stringent than the Ohio law.

The Michigan Central Railroad has contracted for a double track between Detroit and Canada and from Niles to Lake Station, to be completed within sixty days.

Stewart Barnes, the watchman, was burned to death in the Knickerbocker Ice Company's stores in Philadelphia, Thursday night. He is said in trying to save his goods.

Samuel Jackson, Emeritus Professor of Chemistry of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, died yesterday in his eighty-fifth year, and filled the Professorship for twenty-seven years.

Edwin Forrest's engagement at the Globe Theater, Boston, was suddenly terminated by an attack of lung fever.

Albert B. Williams, President of the United States Insurance Company, died in Boston Thursday, aged seventy-four.

The Virginia Legislature adjourned *sine die* Friday, after passing a bill for the election of an additional elector for President and Vice President.

Dr. Pitchn, one of the oldest and most eminent physicians of Detroit, died there yesterday.

The story of John McDevitt, the missing Philadelphia bilfiardist, having turned up out in Illinois, turns out to be a canard.

Another death from hydrate of chloral is reported in Chicago. The victim is a lawyer named Jacob A. Crain.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, April 5, 1872, 7 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will continue falling from the lakes to the gulf during the night, and extend to the Atlantic on Saturday, with easterly to southerly winds, rising temperature and increased cloudiness very generally; cloudy and threatening weather will probably prevail on Saturday, north and west of the Ohio valley; the area of rain over the lower Mississippi valley will probably extend northeastward over the Ohio valley, with threatening weather thence to the South Atlantic coast: an area of quite low barometer is apparently advancing on the northwest. Dangerous winds are not anticipated except possibly for the upper lakes on Saturday.

Fire in Lima, O—Close of the North-Western Teachers' Institute.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LIMA, O., April 5, 1872.

At noon to-day a fire was discovered in the roof of Hugh Logan's brick block on the north-east corner of the public square, and before it could be got under control, destroyed the roof and part of the third story. The building was occupied as follows: First floor, by the National Deposit Bank and James Langan, groceries, whose loss on stock, &c., by water will probably reach $500. The National Deposit Bak suffered a trifling loss by water and removal of books, papers, &c. The second floor was occupied by Dr. C. Metzger and O'Conor & Fitz, insurance agency, loss not known, but small. The third floor was occupied by Frank C. Moore and family, photographer, who estimates his loss at $1,000, no insurance. Mr. Langan's loss on the building is estimated at $1,500, and may go lower, fully insured in the Richland, Mutual, Home, of New York, Underwriters and a Chicago company. There were other trifling losses in adjoining buildings by removals, the heaviest being that of J. H. Lisher's, merchant tailor. Loss considerable largest on stock; not yet estimated; insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The North-western Ohio Teachers' Institute closed its session last night with a lecture by Prof. T. W. Howey, State School Commissioner. The lecture was a good one, and well received by a large and intelligent audience, filling City Hall.

The telegraph offices here were draped in mourning, to-day in respect to the late Prof. Morse.

Suit Brought against Gould and Lane in the Supreme Court of New York.

NEW YORK, April 5.—TO-MORROW'S *Tribune* will state that Attorney-General Barlow has instituted in the Supreme Court at Albany a suit against Jay Gould and Frederick A. Lane, to compel them to account for their management of the Erie railway, and restore the money which they have corruptly received. The summons in the suit has been served on Gould, Lane and General John A. Dix, and Field and Shearman for Lane and Gould returned notice yesterday of acceptance of service. Gen. Dix, as President of the road, is included in the suit as a mere formality, and it is probably understood that the road will in reality finally prosecute the suit. The fact that the Erie road is included in the suit as co-defendant with Gould and Lane also leads to the belief that Archer, Eldridge, Sisson and all members of the old ring are affected by it. If recovery is had from the road by a successful suit, all members of the old Board will have to pay the losses which resulted to the Company by their negligence in not restraining Gould, Fisk and Lane, or by their complicity in any operations which may be proved to be corrupt. The answer will have to be filed before the 24th inst.

Destructive Fire in Loudonville, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOUDONVILLE, O., April 5, 1872.

An entire square of our town, with the exception of one house, was destroyed by fire this morning. The following are the sufferers, with their several losses: Inman & Son, dry goods, $12,000; insured with Lycoming Pennsylvania for $3,0 0, and Rockland Mutual, for $3,000; F. F. Baldner, grocer, loss $5,000; insured in the Home of Columbus for $3,500; Lapold & Son, stoves and ware, loss $8,000; no insurance. Young, tailoring, loss $2,500; insured in the Amazon, of Cincinnati for $1,000. C. Oppenheimer, clothing, loss $5,000; insured in the North American of Philadelphia for $2,000; A. Whisenhunt, photographer, loss $500; no insurance; John Condod, loss $100; Mrs. Ayers, $200; no insurance; Fred Smith, beer saloon shop, loss $1,000. The upper story of Ullman's building was owded by the Masonic fraternity, loss $900; no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The Rhode Island Election.

PROVIDENCE, April 5.—Full returns of the State election show a majority of 1,176 for Padelford, Republican candidate for Governor, and 140 majority for Cutler, Democratic and trap candidate for Lieutenant Governor. Some scattering votes not returned may possibly throw the election of Lieutenant Governor into the Republican Legislature. The remainder of the Republican State ticket has about 2,100 majority.

Mourning for Morse.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., April 5, 1872.

The telegraph office here was draped to-day in respect to the memory of the late S. F. B. Morse, the father of the telegraph. President Orton's order has been generally honored by the smaller offices throughout the country, as well as the larger ones.

Death of Hon. Samuel Galloway.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, April 5.—Hon. Samuel Galloway, who has been seriously ill from consumption for several months past died at his residence in this city to-day.

THE OIL REGIONS.

Production of the Parker and Foxburg District for March.

The Titusville *Herald* and *Courier* of yesterday publish the following report of the petroleum production in the districts of Parkers and Foxburg for the month of March, 1872: Stock at the wells April 1st, 108,048; delivered from the wells in March, 103,563; total, 216,611; stock at the wells March 1st, 7,274; balance showing production for the month, 139,437; daily average of production, 4,497; daily average for February, 4,260; increase in daily average 237; number of wells producing 759; number producing March 1st, 723; increase on producing wells, thirty-six; number of wells being drilled, 235; the number being drilled March 1st, 241—a decrease in number being drilled of 8; number of wells completed during March, 69; stock in iron tanks April 1st, 49,604; increase in stock in tank, 13,794; amount of iron tankage empty, 25,706. In view of the decrease in production that was looked for from all portions of the oil region in March as compared with February, this showing of the district under review is not quite in accordance with the guarantees given to the Petroleum Union. We have learned that many of the largest necessity for selling oil at that point was from the lack of storage capacity; yet there appears to have been enough of empty tankage on the 1st of April to contain the production of five days at least.

Oil in Westmoreland County.

The Greensburg *Tribune and Herald* says. Quite an excitement was caused last week, on Dry Ridge, by the discovery of oil in a drain on the premises of Dr. Chester Small, of Mugdlebo township, at Zimmerman's saw mill on one of the branches of Sewickly creek. We were shown, by Mr. Small, a sample of the oil collected by him from a drain near his house. He informs us that it can be seen coming out of the ground. The oil is of the best quality, and we have no doubt that oil exists there in quantities. Parties are making preparations to bore.

THE amount of coal sent to market from the anthracite coal regions of this State was 14,985,501 tons; the amount consumed at home was 2,730,000 tons; making a total production of 17,685,501 tons. Of this amount the anthracite and semi-anthracite amounted to 14,985,501 tons, a loss of 308,528 tons from last year. The pure bituminous coal sent to seaboard from the different mines of the State amounted to 4,895,914 tons, an increase of 555,642 tons. The net increase of all kinds was 247,114 tons.

It is an interesting fact, not generally known, that all the flags for the Navy, War and Treasury Departments are now made seamless, the fabric being woven in white bunting, and the red stripes and blue field dyed in pattern. They are much brighter than those sewed in stripes, and, by test, have been found to outwear the old-fashioned make.

Steiway's Sales—Bulletin 41.

Since the publication of last Bulletin the sole agents of the unrivalled Steinway Pianos, Messrs. H. Kleber & Bro., 122 Wood street, have sold the following Pianos of the Steinway make:

Dr. J. R. Finney purchased a Steinway Square Piano.

Edwin Clark, Esq., bought a Steinway Square Piano.

Professor Wm. Guenther bought a Steinway Square Piano.

James C. McCormick, Esq., bought a Steinway Square Piano, etc., etc.

Besides the above, there are quite a number of Steinway's at Kleber's warerooms which are bespoken, and are left there by the purchasers until the latter are ready to move into their new houses. The demand for these pianos has been so extraordinary during the last few weeks that customers are frequently obliged to wait for many days for certain preferred styles of the Steinway brand. "Either a Steinway Piano or none at all," seems to be the motto of our music-loving citizens now-a-days.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Louisville Canal Bill Postponed.

Improvement of the Ohio.

South Improvement Investigation.

Testimony of Mr. P. H. Watson.

More of the Arms Matter.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5, 1872.

The Louisville Canal.

The resolution of the Committee of Commerce delaying action upon the appropriation to make the Louisville canal free, till a full report can be made by the Secretary of War, does not necessarily prevent further action at the present session, provided all the facts relating to the condition of the Canal Company can be in any way so placed before the House of Representatives as to justify action based thereon. If such full information is received, the present action will be rescinded, and the appropriation proposed by the committee adopted before adjournment.

Improvement of the Ohio.

The following bill regarding improvements of the Ohio river was reported from the Committee on Commerce and passed by the House:

Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of War be and he is hereby directed to appoint three competent civil engineers to examine and report upon the Noble method of channeling and dredging the Ohio river and its tributaries, for the purpose of improving the navigation of said rivers, and in case said Board shall recommend a further test of the method aforesaid, the Secretary of War shall authorize the same to be done.

The river and harbor bill will contain $200,000 for the improvement of the Ohio, $50,000 for the Wabash, and the appropriation of $300,000 to complete the Louisville canal agreed upon and announced some weeks since.

The Case of Mr. Hulburd.

The Committee on Banking and Currency are now engaged in taking further testimony against Comptroller Hulburd. The adverse criticism upon the course the Committee has taken in reporting against him before he had time to file his statement, is increasing daily, and there is a great deal of sympathy for the Comptroller. His resignation seems to have been accepted by the Secretary of the Treasury chiefly upon the ground that the department could not retain an officer after a Committee of the House had reported that he ought to be removed. Thus far the additional evidence taken by the Committee does not amount to much if anything by way of justification of the course already taken.

The South Improvement Company.

The House Committee on Commerce had a session to-day for the purpose of continuing the investigation into the affairs of the South Improvement Company. P. C. Watson, formerly Assistant Secretary of War, and now President of said company, was examined at some length as to the nature of the contracts entered into for transportation, and the railroad companies with whom such contracts were made. These were the New York Central, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, Pittsburgh River Company, Erie, Atlantic and Great Western and Pennsylvania Central. These contracts were made with the presidents of said roads, and were afterwards approved by the Board thereof. Inasmuch as the contracts were not produced, the committee adjourned over until a week from next Monday, to allow Watson time to produce them.

Liberal Republican Convention Called.

A call has just been issued by D. G. Goodloe and H. H. Helper, of North Carolina, for a Liberal Republican Convention in that State on May 1st, to elect delegates to the Cincinnati Convention.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands reported back to the Senate to-day Baird's bill for extending the time for the completion of the Iron Mountain Railroad, with amendment that no adverse claims to the lands in the original grant shall be affected by such extension.

A Knotty Point.

The point raised in the Bowen election case, that by accepting a State office after he was elected to Congress he thereby forfeited his seat, attracts much attention here. It was submitted by Bowen's counsel that in the present Congress there were several instances of like character; that Alcorn, elected as Governor of Mississippi for sometime after he was elected Senator, and that Ames, from the same State, also acted as General after he was elected to the same position. It was also shown that instances are frequent where Senators and Congressmen are appointed from or elected to that position, and yet where the resignation of one office is not synonymous with the acceptance of the other.

The Arms Business.

In the arms investigation to-day A. W. Markley, of Camden, appeared and testified that he did receive for arranging the sale to Poultney & Trimble, of Baltimore, by the Navy Department of 10,000 Remington rifles. Poultney offered him this sum to secure the sale from the department. He came to Washington, stayed from the hotel for the Navy Department, met Secretary Robeson, who was an old friend of his, on the street, asked him if he would sell these rifles, and that Poultney wanted to buy them. The Secretary directed him to tell Poultney to address him officially, and he would refer the matter to his ordinance officer. After that Markley only knew that Mr. Monroe bought it, and that he received $10,000 for the part he took. No portion of this money went to any other person. Mr. Monroe testified that he had been an officer of the Ordnance Department, resigned and became engaged with Remington. At the request of Mr. Remington he made a preliminary engagement with Colonel Crispin and General Dyer for the sale of breech-loaders to Thomas Richardson.

WASHINGTON, April 5.

THE ARMS INVESTIGATION.

The Senate Arms Committee met this morning. John Hoey, of New York, testified that he had no knowledge of the subject they were investigating, and this completed his examination. Senator Sawyer said the person meant was James Hoey, who is dead. Markley testified that it was at the time he had received $10,000 from Thomas Poultney that this gentleman said to him that he understood that the Navy Department wanted to see some guns, and then made the proposition to him. The witness said he would see about it. The proposition was to give him a dollar a gun for 10,000 guns. He met the Secretary on the street and asked him whether he had guns to sell. He informed the Secretary that Poultney and the Navy Department had guns for sale. The Secretary replied that Poultney had better send a communication on the subject, and he would refer it to the ordnance bureau. Witness went to Taylor's Hotel and informed Poultney what had taken place. Witness got the money and the transaction was closed. This was the only conversation he had with the Secretary. For his pay he says to the Secretary that it would be to sell arms. He knew Poultney to be an arms dealer in Baltimore.

By Mr. Schurz—Had never been in the arms business. His relations to the Secretary were personally friendly. They lived in the same town. He could not say there was any intimate friendship between them, but they were as intimate as neighbors generally are. He had no business transactions with Poultney before the time of which he spoke. He never knew any reason why Poultney called on him to interest himself in his behalf. He did not receive any other equivalent than the $10,000. Other persons to whom money by Poultney was referred to the board of ordnance. He earned the money merely by asking the Secretary if he had any guns for sale. He had no communication with the chief of the ordnance bureau. The conversation with the Secretary then he had stated. Mr. Peck testified in relation to something which had been said by Mr. Barnum de Chambrun, and with which the name of the witness was connected. The latter spoke about his interview with the Marquis, whom he will be called upon to assist him in the matter of investigation for the interest of Remington. The Marquis, however, did not act, having procured the required permission of the French Charge D'Affaire for that purpose. The witness presumed that he did mention to the Marquis that he had $10,000, but did not say he had money to spend in concluding evidence. He merely said Remington would spend $10,000 if necessary for getting rebutting evidence in a legitimate way. He repeated, he made no reference to the Senator.

By Senator Schurz—He had authority to use money for the purpose of obtaining rebutting testimony to prove a man's want of veracity. He did not spend any more than lawyers' fees in obtaining four or five affidavits—about $200. Witness was an editor of the *Army and Navy Journal*, and made bids for arms, but did not get them. Mr. Smoat, of Elton, New York, testified that he was employed by Remington & Sons, and was at Frankford arsenal, December, 1870. He had met Colonel Treadwell in New York, who said he had some samples of improved cartridges. He and Remington were desirous of seeing the arsenal, and the day after the conversation they took the cars and went thither, spending the afternoon at the arsenal. They there were met by General Dyer and Colonel Crispin, who, he thought, came on from Washington in the morning. They saw the cartridges and looked through the place. Their meeting with these gentlemen was casual. The witness started conversation there about an improved cartridge being adapted to the Remington gun. Col. Treadwell produced a sample he had in his pocket, and said it did the work better than the one in use. The witness was interrogated at some length by Senator Schurz, and said among other things that he had had a conversation with Gen. Dyer and Col. Crispin about breech-loading muskets, his object being to ascertain whether the Government would sell, and when they could be delivered. Thomas Richardson bought arms in his own name, and sold them to Remington. Richardson made a profit on cartridges, but not on arms. The Committee adjourned until Monday.

NEW SPANISH MINISTER.

The Secretary of State to-day presented to the President Admiral Josi Palo de Bernabe, the new Spanish Minister. Friendly speeches were made on both sides.

DUTY ON PRINTING AND OTHER PAPERS.

The Ways and Means Committee this morning voted to insert a section in the Tariff bill providing that in lieu of the duties now imposed by law, there shall be levied and collected upon printing paper used for books, magazines and newspapers, exclusively of a size not less than thirty-two by forty-six inches, twenty per cent. *ad valorem*, and upon drawing, foolscap, imperial, letter and note paper, thirty-five per cent. *ad valorem*.

THE MORSE MEMORIAL MEETING.

At a meeting of the National Telegraph Morse Memorial Association this afternoon, a resolution was adopted requesting that meetings be held in all the towns and cities in the United States simultaneous with the one to take place in the hall of the House of Representatives on Tuesday evening, 16th inst. Ample telegraphic facilities have been tendered the Association.

Allegheny County Teachers' Institute.

Fifth Day—Morning Session.

The Institute re-assembled yesterday morning at nine o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Bakerstown.

Prof. Tappan then delivered a lecture on "Methods of Teaching." The teacher must learn the nature and disposition of the person to be instructed, and consider the means and ends that should be used in instructing that particular child. To become masters of the English language the teacher must memorize the best specimens of composition in that language. He recommended the study of mental philosophy.

The Institute choir then rendered "Moonlight on the Lake."

Prof. Monroe now continued his lecture on "Elocution," after which the Institute adjourned.

Afternoon Session.

The Institute was opened at two o'clock with music by the choir, who rendered "Evening Bells."

The Rev. J. R. W. Sloan was then introduced, and delivered an interesting lecture on "Secular Education."

Mr. Clancy, from the Committee on Resolutions, presented a lengthy report. The usual resolutions of thanks to the several lecturers who had addressed the Institute, and also that it is the duty of all the teachers to attend the sessions were presented. Also, a resolution that a committee of five be appointed to prepare a bill to be presented to the Legislature to incorporate the Allegheny County Teachers' Institute. Also, a resolution of thanks to the County Superintendent for the able and efficient manner in which he has discharged the duties of his office the past twelve years. A resolution of thanks to Prof. Davis for his able lecture on Thursday evening on "Education."

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

Mr. James Kelly being present, he was called upon to make a few remarks. Mr. Kelly then came forward and spoke at some length, hoping that this district would soon establish a Normal School, so that teachers might have an opportunity to become better qualified for their work.

At the conclusion of Mr. Kelly's remarks, a resolution was presented requesting the citizens of the Eleventh Normal School District, composed of the counties of Allegheny, Beaver and Butler, to accept the generous offer of Mr. Kelly, and petition to the next session of the Legislature to enact a law levying a tax to maintain a school of this character.

A report was now read from the Auditing Committee, stating that $39 had been received from the County Treasury and $92 50 expended, leaving a balance on hand of $107 50, which amount was paid to the Treasurer of the Institute.

Professor Monroe made some closing remarks, in which he complimented the teachers for the interest they manifested in his lectures.

Evening Session.

After some excellent music rendered by the choir, Professor Love, of Bethany College, West Virginia, was introduced who delivered an interesting lecture on "The Teacher and His Work."

The "A. B. C." duett was then rendered in an excellent manner by Miss Dilks and Mr. Belcastle, accompanying at the organ.

Professor Tappan then delivered a lecture on "Moral Instruction."

INTERESTING PRESENTATION.

At the close of the address of Professor Tappan, Mr. Douthett commenced to announce another song, when he was interrupted by Mr. Wm. M. Clancy who said that he had presented to the Institute, on behalf of the teachers would now take charge of the meeting. Mr. Clancy then called the Rev. T. N. Boyle forward, who proceeded to present Mr. Douthett with an elegant hunting case watch, in a few neat remarks. Mr. Douthett was taken completely by surprise, and for a time could hardly control his emotions. He spoke at considerable length, and in the course of his remarks referred to the great progress being made in the cause of edu cation. He referred to the onerous duties of his office and was glad, although he could not attend to the great duties devolving on him as they should, as numerous as they were, still he had rendered satisfaction to the teachers. He then thanked the members of the Institute for this expression of their esteem.

After the rendition of a number of songs the Institute adjourned finally.

POLITICAL.

A Grant Club Organized in the Fourteenth Ward.

Last evening the Republicans of the Fourteenth ward convened in the school house for the purpose of organizing a Grant Club, and preparing for the coming campaign. The attendance was quite large, and the meeting enthusiastic. A temporary organization was effected by calling Captain W. W. Eaton to the chair and electing T. J. Craig, Secretary.

A committee was appointed to nominate officers for the new club, and appointing committees. After a short absence the committee returned and made the following nominations:

PRESIDENT—Henry Lloyd, Esq.

VICE PRESIDENTS—Chas. A. Anderson, C. J. Clarke, W. E. Schmertz, Evan Jones, John Gray, Edward Lewellen, David Hanna, Wm. Schroder, Chas. Close, D. Estep, Ed. Davis, J. S. Simms, Isaac Jones, T. B. Young, Jacob Kinzer, Jacob Reese, Jos. Loughrey, Wm. Rees, T. H. Baird, A. D. McKee and John D. Jones.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY—Captain W. F. Anderson.

RECORDING SECRETARIES—John D. Fleming, D. Griffith, Henry C. Evans.

TREASURER—John Fleming.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY—Henry Johns, Jr.

STOREKEEPER—Allen McWhinney (col.)

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Jacob Reese, G. L. Magee, John Fleming, Robt. Snodgrass, John Evans, D. Estep, S. Beymer, S. S. Jack, Evan Jones, John Gray, T. J. Craig.

AUDITORS—T. J. Craig, Jacob Kinzer, Charles Hunter.

DECORATION AND EQUIPMENT.—C. A. Anderson, L. Walther, Chas. Jones.

MARSHAL—John Sprakers. Evan Jones, J. Vanotte, W. C. Moreland, John D. Fleming, A. D. Hall.

PRINTING.—Wm. Dauber, Samuel Whitehouse, Thos. Griffith.

NATURALIZATION.—G. M. McMaster, Robt. McAdams, D. Hanna, Wm. Meyer, D. Edwards.

The report was received and the officers elected unanimously.

Major Geo. W. Morris was chosen Chief Marshal of the marching corps.

The meeting then adjourned until Thursday evening next.

The Soldiers' Monument.

What has become of the movment toward placing the names of the deceased soldiers of the county on the monument? As a last resort let us suggest the following plan for obtaining the names: Take from "Bates's History" and other books all the names they contain of Allegheny county's dead soldiers, and let the list be published for about a month in the daily and weekly papers of the county, and corrections and additions asked. Every friend or relative of a deceased soldier would eagerly scan the list and make the necessary corrections. This plan is submitted to the Executive Committee of the G. A. R. as one entirely feasible and likely to accomplish the desired result.

The Minister's Choice—The Burdett Organs.

Having been instrumental in selling the Burdett Organs to quite a number of my personal friends, I am free to say that they have given the most perfect satisfaction in every instance. D. W. HERVEY,
Pastor of Providence Baptist Church, Beaver county, Pa.

The above is addressed to Messrs. H. Kleber & Bro., No. 122 Wood street, and who are the sole agents for the Burdett Organs. The "Burdett's" are the finest toned and most durable organs in the world, and the Messrs. Kleber sell them on *monthly payments* and long time. Inquire the Burdett and you will discard all others.

A SOUND mind in a sound body and a good supply of Pier Damnals & Co.'s bottled ale in his cellar ought to make any man happy. vrhs.

USE T. C. JENKINS'S finest coffee. tf

INIQUITIES OF A HOTEL CLERK.

He Marries Two Wives—Sets Up a Boarding House With No. 2—Victimizes Sundry Shopkeepers and Friends, and Elopes With His Sister-in-Law.

Some time ago a well known citizen, residing and doing business in the same building on Center Avenue, advertised his furnished dwelling for rent, having determined that if he could get a suitable tenant he would board with him. Among the applicants was a well dressed young man, of pleasing appearance and good address, with a business air about him which gave promise of success in any undertaking. After hearing the statement and terms of the landlord, he closed a bargain with him at once—the landlord agreeing to board in the house and thus offset the rent. The young man gave his name as McK., said he was a dentist by profession, and intended to open an office on Wylie avenue. When asked for references, he replied that he was not acquainted in Pittsburgh. His manner, however, was such as to induce almost any one to extend him both confidence and credence. He took possession of the house, brought his young wife to preside over his domestic affairs, and from the first everything went on in the most satisfactory manner. The table was well supplied, the young mistress seeming to anticipate every want. The landlord was delighted at having made such a happy hit. When a few days had gone by McK. went to the landlord, and, with an indefinable something in his countenance that caused suspicion, requested him to retain all letters that might come to his (McK.'s) or his wife's address, and give them to him. On Wednesday last a letter was received from Ann Arbor, Michigan, immediately after perusing which McK. told his wife that he must leave forthwith for Detroit on business. He left the house in a hurried manner. By this time the landlord had his suspicions thoroughly aroused, and he was satisfied there was something wrong. He at once addressed a letter of inquiry to the postmaster at Ann Arbor, determined to learn the history of the young man, if possible. He received a reply, in which it was stated that McK. was well known there; that he had married a girl at that place, of a very respectable family, on the 24th of March, 1870; that she had a child seventeen months old, and was still living there. Having obtained this clue, the landlord proceeded with his investigations, and it has since transpired that McK. is a hotel clerk having been employed at the Continental, Philadelphia, Logan House, Altoona, and the St. Clair, in this city. While here, he became acquainted with Miss R., and married her some months ago. She it was who managed his establishment on Center avenue. Not satisfied with this new alliance, he carried on a clandestine correspondence with her sister, a young lady who, a few weeks ago, gained considerable notoriety by running off with a strolling actor—an account of whose arrest and reclamation we published recently. Wife No. 3 yesterday learned to her satisfaction that her dashing husband had not only deserted her, but actually eloped with her sister. She left on the first train with a view of locating her recreant husband and punishing him. It is believed that they went to New York, and that his intention was to put up at Barr's Hotel, in that city. If so, the only hook for a successful capture in that locality very soon. By way of giving spice to his other transgressions, McK. succeeded in victimizing sundry tradesmen and shopkeepers in his neighborhood, in amounts ranging from twenty to seventy dollars. His amiable landlord is "out" twenty-five dollars. McK. is the son of a well-to-do agriculturalist, and resides in Sandusky, Ohio. Names are withheld for the present; but if wife No. 2 carries out her hostile intentions they will soon be given to the public. Wife No. 1 is expected to the city to-day, when new complications may be expected.

THE GRAND JURY.

Close of Its Session—What the Jurors Say of Matters Coming Under Their Notice.

There have been Grand Juries which have concluded their labors by making what is called "presentments" to the Court, and then again there have been similar bodies which did nothing of the kind. As a general thing, the latter class come about as near effecting anything by their statements as do the former. On the whole it is very seldom that Grand Jury presentments amount to much, and the half dozen pages of legal cap presented to the Court yesterday by the Grand Jury of the present term, is not out of the regular style. The document starts off with the announcement that the jurors endeavored to discharge their important duties with free minds and clear judgments. Since they were in session, although a little protracted, was made as short as the business required.

As usual, the jury complains that too many trivial cases are sent to the Court and this is a fact. Some three hundred and twenty-one bills were passed upon, of which sixty-seven were ignored. Nothing of unusual importance had been brought to the notice of the jury. The axiom "Crime from time to time repeats itself," is again confirmed. With the usual number of assaults and batteries and larcenies, came one hundred and sixty-seven suits for illegal liquor selling, principally from the Sixth ward. Allegheny Ward constables are charged with a disregard for duties and its respect. "In some cases," says the presentment, "children of the tender age of six and seven summers were found intoxicated by liquor purchased from the saloon-keepers who loudly and defiantly declared to the mothers remonstrating against the inhuman act that they would sell liquor to any one who was large enough to buy it. A more thorough enforcement for each offence is recommended.

The jury visited the several public institutions, especially those immediately connected with the administration of public justice in this county. It is recommended that the House of Refuge be removed to the country and be christened "The School of Reform." Everything was found correct at the Refuge.

In reference to the county jail, the Grand Jury says: "The county and its officers are sorry to say, is most unsatisfactory.

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1872.

We again call the attention of the municipal authorities to the importance of a thorough and immediate cleansing of the city streets and thoroughfares. Within a comparatively short time the heated season will be fully upon us, for the prolonged winter which we have experienced will in all probability be followed by an early summer. Before it arrives every vestige of the winter's accumulations of street and other refuse ought to be cleared away. It stands to reason that the gases which are generated by the decomposition of these substances should exercise an unfavorable influence on the public health. In Philadelphia, New York, and other eastern cities, the sanitary authorities are urging the vital importance of immediate action in the matter. Whatever reasons exist for promptitude in those localities have equal application here, and it is to be hoped there may be no delay in putting the city into proper sanitary condition.

There is one point in the Connecticut election returns which we do not recollect to have seen noticed, but which merits special attention—the surprising paucity of the vote polled by the Labor Reform and Temperance candidates. The campaign in that State, so far as the division and structure of parties was concerned, pretty correctly epitomizes the probable character of the Presidential campaign of next fall. Practically, the vote cast for both of these tickets in Connecticut proves to have been virtually thrown away, and there is no reason to suppose that a different result will be obtained in the ensuing National contest. The lesson which it teaches is, that since the Labor Reform and Temperance Presidential tickets are both foreordained to defeat, support of either is practically useless. The Labor Reformers having already in many quarters repudiated the nomination of Judge Davis, the wisest course to pursue would be to abandon the movement altogether. So with regard to the Temperance ticket. The matter is worthy of serious consideration.

Among the conventions to assemble next week is the National delegate convention of the colored people of the United States, which meets in New Orleans on Wednesday, for the purpose of considering the "political and material interests" of their race. Delegates will be present from all parts of the country, and since the convention will represent something like nine hundred thousand voters, its importance is obvious and manifest. It is understood that measures looking to a closer combination and cooperation of the race for political and commercial purposes will be inaugurated. Whether any exclusive class-action will be found really advantageous or promotive of their best interests, may perhaps be questioned. The defeat of the supplemental civil rights bill by the Democracy may give them just ground of complaint; but so far as the Republican party is concerned, it has placed them in the enjoyment of all the rights, civil and political, which its white members possess. In its consideration of national political affairs it is to be hoped the convention will have the good sense to avoid anything which looks like clannishness.

With the exception of the journal which originally preferred the charges, pretty nearly every anti-administration newspaper of any character concedes that the results of the Robeson investigation have thus far been altogether favorable to the Secretary, and that his explanation of his conduct in the Saxon affair has every appearance of candor and fairness. It has been shown that it was Secretary Boutwell who convened the Board which allowed the claims, and not Secretary Robeson, as has been stated. When Secretary Robeson came into office he found the Board in existence, and simply approved its findings. The New York *Tribune* says the claim was "a legacy from the chaotic management of the Navy Department by Admiral Porter," and adds that the Secretary has "made out a good case," while the Springfield *Republican* intimates that Mr. Dana ought to confess that some unprincipled or mischievous person have imposed on him, "slandering Mr. Robeson, representing some actions in a false light, and inventing whole cloth fictions about others." In view of the time and money already wasted in the investigation, it would seem every way proper for the committee to dismiss the subject without further consideration.

Remarking on the re-election of Governor Jewell of Connecticut, the New York *Tribune* says the Republicans "regarded him as a good Governor, understood that he had resolved so voted for him again;" and this, the *Tribune* very correctly thinks, was sufficiently right and proper. In another article, to some extent explanatory of the action of its editor in signing the letter to Colonel Grosvenor, it says that in so doing "we simply indicated our approval of the Cincinnati movement, not of every phrase embodied in that letter" with much pertinence adding that "no such letter could ever be influentially signed at all, if every one were to insist on having it express his precise views." The Cincinnati movement, it suggests, should "be judged by its own acts and utterances, and not by those of this or that squad who united in calling it." All this is sound and sensible, and if the reasonable spirit which pervades it is only fairly applied—as why should it not be—to the calling of the Philadelphia Convention and the possible renomination of the President, what is there in either of these matters of which, judged even from the *Tribune's* own standpoint, that journal has cause, as yet, to complain?

Senator Howe, of Wisconsin, has brought out a plan for the establishment of a National University, to be located in Washington City, for the purpose of supplementing our State Colleges, and affording the means of instruction in all the professions and departments of human learning. There is much in the speech in which the Senator developed his plan with which every thoughtful person will fully agree. Senator Howe is in error, however, when he states that the temporal salvation of this country depends on intellect. There is no doubt that ignorance is one great source of national weakness and danger, and that education is a more "cheap defense of nations" than any other mode which has yet been discovered or invented. But that something more than mere intellectual enlightenment is needed the mistaken course of the Senator himself with respect to the Bayfield land grant scheme, pretty fully shows. Notwithstanding the repeated refusal of the House to pass it, and in spite of the fact that the company has forfeited every claim upon the government, the friends of the bill still persist in their attempt to lobby it through. One of the most active and untiring of these is, as is well understood, the Senator from Wisconsin, who should amend his University plan by a proposition to endow it with the vast property which he is now lending his influence to enable a rich and powerful corporation to obtain without having rendered the slightest equivalent of service to the nation therefor.

In a late public address on State and National politics, Col. Goodloe, a Republican member of the Kentucky Legislature, referring to the question of amnesty and to the hearty desire of the great bulk of the Republican party that proscription for opinion's sake should cease, very pertinently suggested that it was time this amnesty should be extended to Union men as well as ex-confederates, and that if those who during the rebellion wore the gray expected to be forgiven, they should in turn cease to taboo and keep under bonds those who followed the stars and stripes in the days of the nation's trial. The point was well taken. There is no doubt that in many quarters of the South Republicans are ostracised for their political faith in the most intolerant manner. The question remains, however, whether the passage of a general amnesty act would not shame into quietness even the most unfriendly of these proscriptionists? At all events it would seem to be the best way to settle, without outstanding differences yet remain. Bills for removing the political disabilities of private individuals have passed Congress by the score during the present session; and, comparatively speaking, hardly more than a corporal's guard of disfranchised persons can now be mustered. Is it well to keep alive the spirit of turmoil and turbulence on account of this handful of powerless men? If the measure is not passed before the assembling of the Philadelphia Convention, an unwise and unfortunate mistake will have been committed.

It is useless to complain that noisy show rather than simple worth commands the attention and respect of the world, and an additional illustration of the old truth was not needed to make it plainer. Thomas C. Upham, who died a few days ago in New York without generally receiving other notice from the press than a mere announcement of the fact, has exerted an influence of which his fame probably affords no adequate sign. Connected with an important college as a professor from 1824 to 1867, men whose youth was in part moulded by his teaching and example have long filled positions of social activity in almost every section of the country. Professor Upham's work on Mental Philosophy, used as a text book in many American colleges and seminaries, has been much studied in Great Britain, and translated into the Armenian language. Yet, still a text-book in the Protestant American schools in the East. But it is as a writer on religious subjects that Dr. Upham is most worthy of recognition, in view of the impression which he made upon a very extensive circle of readers, not only in the United States but in Europe. In his Principles of the Interior or Hidden Life, his Treatise on Divine Union, his Religious Maxims, his *Life of Faith*, and his Lives of Madame Guyon and Madame Catharine Adorna, he presented the doctrines of a modified mysticism with a union of precision, clearness and quiet fervor which invested them with fresh charm and led multitudes to reconsider opinions long thought of as visionary or effete. Professor Upham's prize essay on a Congress of Nations was much talked about thirty years ago.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

The two Congressional Districts composing Allegheny county having been definitely fixed, we give herewith the population by subdivisions, with the vote for President in 1868, and for Governor in 1869. The Twenty-second District embraces Pittsburgh, including all the South Side boroughs recently consolidated with it, the boroughs of Yerona and Braddock, and the townships of Wilkins, Plum, Penn and Patton. The total population of this district is 130,162. The Twenty-third District includes Allegheny city, and the remainder of the county with a population of 132,536. The majority for General Grant, in Allegheny county, in 1868, was 10,815, when the majority of the Twenty-second District, as now constituted, was 4,433, and in the Twenty-third District 6,382. For Governor Geary, in 1869, the majority in the (now) Twenty-second was 1,763, and in the (now) Twenty-third, 2,557. Owing to the erection of three new boroughs since 1869, the vote for Governor cannot be given therein, and the vote for Auditor General, in 1871, is substituted. This makes a slight decrease (273 votes) in the aggregate majority; but the figures are approximately correct, and show a decided Republican majority in each district—such a majority as cannot be overcome under any ordinary circumstances. The Allegheny (or Twenty-third) district, is much the strongest, having given 1,949 more majority for Grant, and 794 more for Geary than the Twenty-second district. It is not to be presumed, however, that our majority will fall below that for Geary, in 1869, which is a low standard. While a more even distribution might have been made, yet with a proper candidate the Twenty-second district can be safely relied upon, notwithstanding Democratic politicians are beginning to boast of their ability to carry it. Below are the figures, which will be found interesting to politicians of both parties:

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.	1868.			1869.	
	Pop. 70.	Grant.	Sey-mour.	Geary.	Pack-er.
Pittsburgh	86,076	8,023	5,476	5,894	4,578
Birmingham	8,603	740	443	568	461
E. Birmingham	9,458	813	444	433	345
Ormsby	3,225	149	129	127	108
South Pittsb'h	3,095	311	142	225	168
Collins'gwood	1,153	90	84	67	69
Mt. Washington	1,988	270	57	143	54
Temperanceville	2,049	206	153	217	117
W. Pittsburgh	2,026	144	147	83	128
Union boro	1,325	off L. St. Clair	77	59	
Allentown	772	off L. St. Clair	45	37	
St. Clair	900	off Lower St. Clair	46	134	
Verona	280	off Penn Twp.	33	116	
Braddock	1,290	143	84	116	78
Wilkins	1,455	165	106	215	100
Penn	1,300	176	117	122	96
Penn	2,685	301	82	191	67
Patton	1,193	140	116	73	74
Total	130,162	12,021	7,588	8,744	6,981
Majorities		4,433		1,763	

* Vote of 1871—for Stanton, (R.)
† Vote of 1871—for McCandless, (D.)

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.	1868.			1869.	
	Pop. 70.	Grant.	Sey-mour.	Geary.	Pack-er.
Allegheny	53,180	5,629	2,395	3,610	2,527
Baldwin	3,104	256	158	217	186
Charlters	2,259	211	164	159	116
Finley	1,179	126	143	110	73
Jefferson	2,666	173	163	126	138
West Elizabeth	590	72	30	81	28
Lower St. Clair	4,423	261	197	305	285
East Deer	1,590	181	60	146	44
West Deer	1,299	200	46	149	40
Fawn	681	119	21	63	17
Tarentum	944	131	33	99	40
Etna	1,447	173	62	129	51
Franklin	716	72	75	66	71
Hampton	936	103	54	75	63
Shaler	1,473	154	71	112	52
Harrison	1,870	273	90	131	83
Indiana	2,846	286	166	166	75
Sharpsburg	2,176	233	216	165	190
Kittanning	1,919			176	54
Parker	629			63	22
Marshall	705	62	91	49	81
N. Versailles	2,461	297	252	117	139
S. Versailles	2,194			93	82
Mckeesport	4,267	477	152	229	153
Lincoln	1,399			84	52
Forward	1,300			117	43
Elizabeth tp	2,937	308	226	272	117
Elizabeth boro	1,996	145	75	98	78
Mifflin	5,088	520	369	91	288
Moon	1,420	138	116	104	105
Neville	280	41	31	31	10
North Fayette	1,489	168	118	118	100
South Fayette	1,929	196	74	132	48
Robinson	2,273	310	161	174	92
Scott	1,867	198	91	146	56
Showalter	1,288	152	95	106	44
Upper St. Clair	1,159	225	86	70	64
Crescent	364	28	26	12	38
McClure	3,870	395	220	271	182
Mulvane	668	86	71	62	13
Pine	718	81	61	75	59
Reserve	1,600	83	15	74	8
Richland	709	87	46	70	45
Ross	2,240	146	193	109	105
Bellevue	284	44	6	38	6
Sewickley tp	448	117	59	30	34
Sewickley boro	1,472	191	65	145	44
Ohio	685	238	110	43	42
Total	132,336	13,466	7,884	9,156	6,599
Majorities		6,382		2,557	

* Vote of 1871, for Stanton, (R.)
† Vote of 1871, for McCandless, (D.)

PERSONAL.

Col. William Johnson deserves well of his country. Since the war he has built or rebuilt in the Carolinas 200 miles of a railroad, among a destitute people and without State aid.

The Archbishop of Rome, who died recently at the age of 80, left personal wealth to the amount of $20,000,000.

Mr. Miller, a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in New York, yesterday asked Judge Blatchford, of the U. S. District Court, to excuse him from serving as a juror, "because God was not recognized in the Constitution."

Rabbi Felsenthal, Ph. D., lectured the other evening in Chicago, before the Young Men's Christian Union, on the subject of "The Wandering Jew."

N. B. Forrest, the ex-rebel general, buysten wagons a year at Wishawaka, Ind., and the colored proprietor of Jefferson Davis' former plantation bought just twice as many.

Charlotte Cushman is being urgently entreatby the Philadelphia press to play one short farewell engagement at the close of the series of readings she has been giving there this week.

Queen Victoria is said to have none about her now as ladies in waiting, excepting widowed persons.

Prof. J. L. Gay, of the Indiana State University, has resigned the Chair lately occupied by him in that institution, and will probably return to the ministry.

John Lynch, Speaker in the Mississippi House of Representatives, is only 23 years old. When Natchez was captured by the Federals he was a slave and could not read.

Robert Collyer has already secured between fifteen and twenty thousand dollars toward the rebuilding of his Chicago church, from friends in Boston and vicinity. Work is to begin upon it at once. The new church will be in the old Gothic style.

Mrs. Robeson, who, before her marriage with the Secretary, wore her hair in a net now coils it very high on the back of the head. It is a beautiful silver gray and all her own.

Wammegamnee, big Indian, died at Detroit on Monday, from the effects of a pint of raw whisky.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid, of the New York *Tribune*, was announced to lecture last evening before the University of the city of New York on the subject of "Journalism."

The Boston *Transcript* tells of an enthusiastic ritualist who wished to present his rector at Easter with a beautifully embroidered vestment. He sent the order for it to another city and directed that it should be sent by express and marked C. O. D.—and so it was, in the most elegant style of fancy needlework, and probably on the back, where it could be plainly seen by men and women.

Conibel, the mad artist, while he was imprisoned in a lunatic asylum to cure him of his Communism, painted a great picture which has been already sold for forty thousand francs.

Prince Sogowara is to enter Cornell University. He wants to instruct the youth of Japan in practical affairs, and will So-go-wherest practical education can be had.

Major General A. A. Humphreys, U. S. A., Professor Benjamine Pierce, of Massachusetts, and Captain Daniel Ammen, U. S. N., have been appointed by the President a commission to whom may be referred all the maps and documents of the various surveys with reference to the construction of an inter-oceanic ship-canal across the American Isthmus.

G. W. Carleton & Co., the famous publishing firm, have been compelled by increasing business to remove to more roomy quarters under the New York Fifth Avenue Hotel.

The Queen of Madagascar takes Harper's *Bazar*.

Miss Bertha Gerolt, youngest daughter of Baron Gerolt, late Minister from Prussia, was, on Monday last, received into the Sisterhood of the Convent of the Visitation at Washington. The letter writers give various romantic reasons for the young lady's withdrawal from the world.

Rev. Dr. Newman, the well known Methodist minister of Washington, has been requested by the Japanese Embassy to explain to them the "peculiar organization of the different Christian churches of the United States. Now some of the very liberal religious papers are wondering what sort of explanation of the tenets and methods of the Universalists and Unitarians Iwakura is likely to get from the orthodox and not over scrupulous doctor.

Sir Charles Dilke having been called the Quixote of English Republicanism, the *Golden Age* remarks: "The Quixote of one age is looked back upon as a Solon in the next." Yes, and sometimes the rule works the other way, and the philosopher of another age is looked upon as a fool in this.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Canary birds are imported to the United States to the annual extent of thirty thousand, mostly from Germany.

A teamster, driving from Orono to Bangor in Maine was obliged to unhitch his horses and leave the load on account of the drifting snow. In his haste he forgot his dog and went on to a neighboring village. The faithful animal, thinking the load was left in his charge, stayed by it all night, and in the morning was found at his post frozen to death.

Fourteen cents balance from his salary was what a Maine legislator had after settling up his board bill.

Wisconsin's Legislature, just before adjourning, enacted a liquor law, which would in some respects be the best in existence, if it could only be enforced. Section four provides that "it shall be unlawful in this State for any person to become intoxicated;" and further, that any person found drunk may be taken in charge by any other person until sober. As the act reads, a man may be arrested for being intoxicated in his own house.

A letter from Lima, Peru, says that you may see there wretched old duennas, part Indian, part negro, and part Spaniard, as ugly as night, with only a single long cotton garment and an old poncho for a dress, and the poncho clasped by a diamond brooch that the Queen of England would not disdain to wear.

According to California papers the average yield of California orange trees is set down as 1,500 for each tree. If 1,000 oranges be assumed to each tree, however, and seventy trees be assumed to the acre, the product of 70,000 oranges results, and their net value will be from seven hundred to a thousand dollars.

Wood and stone and other pavements succeed in one city and fail in another, though laid under the one patent and in the same way. Asphaltum, which has made the streets of Paris renowned, and which is now being used extensively in London, has proved utterly useless in New York and New Haven. Miles of it have been taken up in the former city, and the latter after three months' costly experience, is about to imitate its neighbor. On the other hand, the asphaltum pavements of Brooklyn have been a complete success, so that the question of its real value remains unsettled.

The number of immigrants at New York is nearly twice as large in 1872, thus far, as it was in the corresponding period of last year.

To discover spurious greenbacks or national bank notes divide the last two figures of the number of the bill by four and if one remain the letter on the genuine will be A; if two remains it will be B; if three, C, and should there be no remainder the letter will be D. For example, a note is registered 2,461; divide sixty-one by four and you will have one remaining. According to the rule the letter on the note will be A. In case the rule fails to be certain that bill is counterfeit.

In a Boston Court on Tuesday a prisoner had to be discharged because no one could read the names of the witnesses on the subpœnas. Even the judge who had written them, emulous of Mr. Greeley's fame, was unable to decipher his own handwriting.

Eighteen inches of ice had to be cut away so that nineteen converts at Concord, N. H., might be baptized before the new faith born in them should have time to cool. One woman fainted, and they all had to be hurried to the nearest house to save their imperilled lives.

An unusual number of pretty girls have been introduced in society at Washington this season, and society is furthermore supremely happy over the increase in the number of unmarried young men among the foreign legations.

Emigration from Ireland to the United States steadily diminishes, while that from Germany is proportionately increasing. This year they come in the ration of three Teutons to one Celt.

Religious excursion trains are run from Leavenworth to Topeka, where the great Kansas revival is going on.

Coal has been discovered near the surface in Stearns county, Minnesota, and at Wilton Station on the Northern Pacific Railroad.

Consolidation with St. Anthony has made Minneapolis the largest city of Minnesota with a population of 25,000.

Tribulation overwhelms the Greeley, Colorado, *Tribune*, because a prominent business man of Denver was introduced to a citizen of the colony when the latter was drunk. And this occurred in the face of the most stringent local ordinance against drinking, and of a standing notice in the most conspicuous of its own columns offering $100 reward to any one who will furnish evidence that that ordinance is [illegible].

Probably the longest bridge in the world is on the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad, between Tensaw station and Mobile. It rests on iron cylinders, has ten draws, and is fifteen miles in length.

Joliet, Ill., papers calculate that as soon as spring fairly opens about two thousand extra hands will be wanted there in the stone quarries and the rolling mills.

Referring editorially to the famous university boat races in England the London *Daily News* accounts for the interest they create among family circles in various ways, to the least singular of which is the suggestion that "perhaps the head of the family has a profound dislike of Puseyism, and therefore hopes that Cambridge may win." The association of ideas involved in this mixing up of religion with outriggers is more suggestive than reverential.

Why Illinois should engage extensively in the importation of Normandy horses is not explained, but farmers and others there are said to be doing it.

In New Orleans a process has been discovered whereby the fibre of the ramie plant can by means of a chemical solution, be bleached of a pure and pearly white and without any other machinery than that used in rolling mills. There, too, by the use of the same chemical, the green stalks of the ramie can be preserved in the plantation for an indefinite time, without injury to the fibre, and shipped any distance.

What Spring Brings With It.

Regarded from a medical standpoint, spring is not the delectable season described by vernal poets. On the contrary, its yield of intermittent fevers, bilious attacks, rheumatic pains, disorders of the stomach, nervous complaints, pulmonary diseases, is almost as large as its crop of violets, snowdrops and cherry blossoms. The invisible seeds of innumerable maladies rise with the morning mists, and are scattered broadcast by the vapors of night. Who can resist their mephitic influence? Certainly not the weak by nature, or those whose nervous energies have been overtasked by mental or physical labor, unless they tone and invigorate their systems, and thus enable them to cope with the unhealthy influence by which they are surrounded.

The only medicinal agent by which this object can be rapidly and safely accomplished, is the great vegetable renovant and invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The operation of this celebrated specific is four-fold. It strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the secretions, improves the condition of the blood, superinduces a regular habit of body, and thereby imparts such vigor and elasticity to the whole physical structure, as to render it incapable of resisting the action of the poisonous miasma, with which the spring atmosphere is always to some extent impregnated. Here, then, is a ready and certain means of escaping the disorders prevalent at this season, or (if they have already fastened upon the system) of conquering them speedily and thoroughly. The flavor of a medicine is not of much consequence, provided it does its work properly, but of Hostetter's Bitters it may be fairly said, that they effect a cure without outraging the patient's sense of taste.

SPONGES, SPONGES.

A fine assortment of Bathing Sponges on hand, at
FLEMING'S Drug Store,
Corner Diamond and Market street.

PATENT MEDICINES.

A complete stock of Genuine Patent Medicines, embracing all the popular remedies of the day, constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

FINE TOILET SOAPS.

A very large assortment of the Finest Toilet Soaps constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.
Also a large variety of the finest Pomades and Hair Oils at the lowest prices.
Toilet Waters of all kinds, in great variety, at
JOS. FLEMING'S, 84 Market street,
Corner of the Diamond.

English Vermillion,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
CHINESE VERMILLION,
VENITIAN RED, "Rose,"
BRANDYWINE COLORS,
LINSEED OIL, WHITING,
BLACK LEAD, East India,
Received and for sale by
George A. Kelly & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Corner First Avenue and Wood Street.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., commuted from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug, John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

DRY GOODS.

Silks, Silks, Silks.
Jas. Caldwell
INVITES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO HIS NEW STOCK OF
SPRING GOODS,
Which will be found Unusually Attractive.
BLACK FRENCH SILKS, all qualities.
BLACK AMERICAN SILKS.
New Styles in STRIPE SILKS, for Spring and Summer Suits.
RICH PLAIN SILKS, for Evening Wear.
JAPANESE SILKS, a very fine assortment and choice styles.
SILK POPLINS, ALPACAS and MOHAIR LUSTRES.
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
A Magnificent Assortment.
SUIT LINENS, GINGHAMS, CHINTZES, PRINTS.
HONEYCOMB AND MARSEILLES QUILTS
NOTTINGHAM and TAMBOUR LACE CURTAINS.
SHEETING MUSLINS, IRISH LINENS.
DAMASK TABLE LINENS.
NEW STYLES SILK BASQUES.
LACE SHAWLS AND SACQUES.
LADIES SUITS, a very fine assortment.
118 and 120 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

EDUCATIONAL.

Beaver College and Musical Institute.
SPRING SESSION OPEN APRIL 1.
No expense Spared to offer the best advantages in every Department. Location on the Ohio river 28 miles from the City.
R. T. TAYLOR, President.

PENNSYLVANIA
Military Academy,
CHESTER, DELAWARE CO., PA.
FOR RESIDENT CADETS ONLY.
Session Opens April 3d, 1872.
Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, Mathematical and Natural Sciences, the Classics and English Literature by West Point graduates and other competent Professors.
Attention is given to the personal habits and moral training of Cadets.
For circulars apply to J. H. PAULSON, No. 80 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to
COL. THEO. HYATT,
President Pennsylvania Military Academy.

LEGAL.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. In Bankruptcy. At Pittsburgh, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1872. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of THOMAS F. GRUBBS, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
A. M. MARSHALL, Assignee,
Corner Liberty and Fifteenth streets.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Whereas, Letters of Administration have been granted to CATHARINE A. JAMISON, on Estate of ROBERT JAMISON, late of Allegheny city, all parties having claims and those indebted to said Estate will present them without further notice to her Attorney,
CHAS. ARBUCKLE,
s 242 and 244 Liberty street, near Wood.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS: IN THE Court of Common Pleas, No. 133, June Term, 1872.
William H. Lemon vs. Frederick G. Weiss and Thomas Lemon.
And now, to wit, March 16, 1872, upon the hearing of this case, the Court decrees a dissolution of the partnership as prayed for in the bill, and LOUIS WEIDERHOLD, of the city of Allegheny, appointed Receiver.
JOSEPH ROSS,
Prothonotary.
All persons are hereby notified that on and from March 16, 1872, the firm of Lemon & Weiss, in pursuance of the above decree, is dissolved, and that all claims due the firm will be paid to the undersigned, and that all claims against the said firm will be presented for payment and settlement to him.
LOUIS WEIDERHOLD,
Receiver of the late firm of Lemon & Weiss.

Just Received,
NEW STOCK
HATS AND CAPS,
AT
PALMER'S,
84 Wood Street.
Will Open our NEW ROOMS, 149 and 151 WOOD STREET, March 20, 1872, with the Largest Stock of HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS ever offered in Pittsburgh.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pittsburgh, April 1 1872.
In pursuance of the twenty-fifth Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment of said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1868, I do hereby give notice that the Duplicates for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the
County, State, Poor and Workhouse Taxes for 1872.
On and After the 1st Day of May, 1872.
Said Taxes can be paid at this office until the 1st DAY OF AUGUST, with
DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT.
For Prompt Payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their Taxes.
There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August.
THERE WILL BE
Ten Per Cent. Added
To all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1872.
SAMUEL KILGORE,
d4 TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

THE CELEBRATED
JEWETT & GOODMAN
ORGAN
Sold on Monthly or Quarterly Payments, by
L. R. NORTON, State Agent,
118 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Opposite New City Hall, Pittsburgh, Pa.
AGENTS WANTED. TTh8

WALL PAPER,
New Styles, Beautiful and Cheap,
IN GREAT VARIETY, AT
PALMER'S
NO. 91 WOOD STREET,
Between Fourth and Fifth avenues, second door below Diamond alley.

J. WEAVER &CO.,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
Mellon's New Iron Front Building,
(OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL).
116 Smithfield Street.

PLANING MILL,
Lumber Yard and Box Factory,
G. A. MUNDORFF,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Sash, Doors, Frames, Mouldings, &c.,
Cor. Mary and Twenty-third sts., East Birmingham, Pa.
Every description of PINE AND HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand and delivered to order. Weatherboarding, Flooring, Lathes and Shingles constantly on hand. Sawing and Re-Sawing done with dispatch.

ADOLPH STUEBNER,
FRESCO PAINTER,
195 FIFTH AVENUE,
Fifth Avenue Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEEDS. SEEDS. SEEDS.
My new Seed Catalogue for 1872, containing a complete List of Vegetable, Field and Flower Seeds, with directions for cultivation, NOW READY, and will be sent FREE to any address.
Also, BOUQUETS, BASKETS, CUT FLOWERS and FLORAL ORNAMENTS arranged in best style to order.
By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
JAMES BENNETT, Seedsman,
132 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.
TuThS

NEW MAPLE SYRUP—VERY CHOICE, in gallon jars, receiving daily, and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

TRIMMINGS, &C.

JOS. HORNE & CO.
Retail Stores.
PENN AVENUE,
NOS. 197 AND 199.
Millinery and Straw Goods.
ALL THE LATEST
SPRING STYLES
OF
LADIES' AND MISSES'
Hats and Bonnets,
In all Grades, Now Arriving.
FLOWERS.
Fine French Flowers, Roses and Buds, Ostrich Tips, Pon Pons and Feathers, in the new shades just out, an elegant assortment.
Gros Grain and Taffette Ribbons, all widths, shades and qualities.
Trimming Silks, Corded Satins, Torquoise and Silk Velvets in new shades.
Colored English Crapes, for bows.
Black Silk Nett, Plain and Spotted.
Grenadines and Bereges.
Colored Sash Ribbons at bargains.
NEW GOODS
ARRIVING EVERY DAY.
LATEST NOVELTIES,
RECEIVED AS SOON AS OUT.
Our customers, friends and strangers visiting the city are invited to call and examine our stock, assuring to all equal attention.
Open Saturday Evening Until 8 O'Clock.

EATON'S
TRIMMING STORE,
17 Fifth Avenue.
New Goods Opening This Week
New Styles Spring Suits, in Striped Seersucker, Buff and Gray Linen, Buff and Gray Cambric, White Lawn, &c.
All Styles of Trimmings, in great variety.
Dolly Varden Polonaises.
Hamburg Edgings and Flouncings.
Dolly Varden Hoop Skirts and Bustles.
Pique, Lawn, Swiss, Cambries, &c.
Ribbons, Scarfs, Hats, Flowers, &c.
New Goods Received Daily.
COMMON SENSE.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!
DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will also instantly relieve
Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.
We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and
Relief and Health to Your Infants.
Be sure and call for
"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"
Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world. ws

ARTIFICIAL STONE,
PATENTED NOVEMBER 10, 1868.
MILLS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
STONE FOR SIDEWALKS, FIRE PROOF FLOORS, BUILDING STONE, HOUSE FRONTS, BELT COURSE CORNERS, SILLS, LINTELS and CEMETERY WORK.
Also, Dealers in Best Imported and Native CEMENTS, FIRE CLAY, PLASTER, WHITE LIME AND SAND, SEWER PIPE AND CHIMNEY TOPS.
Office and Warerooms: 258 LIBERTY ST.
2TThs

ARE YOU ANNOYED?
WITH
Rats, Mice, Roaches.
If so, you can rid your House, Cellar or Stable, by trying
Abel's Vermin Exterminator.
It has no equal as a Banisher. Prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail, at
CHAS. ABEL & CO.'S,
No. 172 WYLIE AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS.

McELROY
& DICKSON,
54
WOOD STREET.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS.
NEW
PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
ALPACAS,
DRESS GOODS,
JEANS,
COTTONADES,
CAMBRICS,
CORSET JEANS.
Gloves, Hosiery, Notions, &c.
TO WHOLESALE BUYERS
OF
DRY GOODS
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
Federal Street, Allegheny,
Respectfully announces to Buyers of Dry Goods at Wholesale that they have now in stock one of the largest and best selected stocks of Dry Goods ever offered in this market, comprising full lines of
Bleached and Brown Muslins,
Prints, Ginghams,
Tickings, Checks,
Cottonades, Jeans,
Cassimeres and Cloths,
AND A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF MEDIUM-PRICED
DRESS GOODS,
Consisting of a much fuller line than is usually kept in regular wholesale houses, all of which we offer as low and in many instances lower than the same goods are quoted in New York or Philadelphia.
We only ask an examination and comparison of our Goods and Prices to convince Buyers of the above facts.
A. W. Erwin & Co
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

CARPETS.
CARPETS.
Rich, Rare and Beautiful.
ALL GRADES,
ALL STYLES,
ALL PRICES.
Our Stock of ENGLISH and AMERICAN BRUSSELS, embraces as fine styles as can be found in any Market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
CARPETS.
I HAVE NOW IN STORE
ALL NEW STYLES OF
WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRIES.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
OIL CLOTHS,
LINOLEUM,
MATTINGS AND MATS.
Henry McCallum,
51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.
CARPETS!
NEW STYLES.
MOQUETTES,
AXMINSTERS,
WILTONS,
VELVETS and
BRUSSELS,
In the Finest Drawings and most Delicate Colorings, with
Borders and Rugs to Match.
OUR SPRING STOCK NOW DAILY ARRIVING IS THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
OLIVER
McCLINTOCK
& COMP

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

☞Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Commercial Banking Company, ALLIANCE, OHIO.

The undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the above name to be transacted

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

T ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.

Special attention will be given to Collections in ALL NEW CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LISBONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

Remittances made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

Reference—Tradesmen's National Bank.

DAVID MORGAN, W. P. HER,
C. G. MANFULL, H. P. McINTOSH,
R. W. TETTERS, Cashier.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

esident.....DAVID GREGG.

Directors.

I. WILES, PHILIP BENTEL,
. McDONALD, BENJ. SINGERLY,
MES T. BRADY, Hon. ROBT. M'KNIGHT.
. HAHNESTOCK, HARTLEY HOWARD,
NIEL RUWER, L. J. BLANCHARD,
. FETTERMAN, DAVID GREGG.

ALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

eposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on ne. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected thout Charge.

LL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

A B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

$0,000 Turtle Creek Division Bonds,

TSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R.

AT 85 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

Only Local Security now on the Market.

RA B. M'VAY & CO.,

er Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE

FRIDAY EVENING, April 5, 1872.

he new features, if any, of the local ey market to-day are not of a pleasing acter to needy borrowers, and in fact d to afford felicity to any to-day exceptenders, who are poorly satisfied unless loanable funds are earning them more ten per cent. At the banks they have uch as they can do to take care of their sitors at 8 to 9 per cent. per annum dist, and "outsiders" expect but few "fa- about these days, and instances are ra which they are disappointed. Cases eported where parties keeping no acct were attended to at 12 to 15 per cent. no bank has regular customers, they wish to keep, who are charged at rate.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the ering quotations of Government s in New York to-day, as furnished by Jay Cooke & Co., their corredents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Closing.
Bonds of 1881			115¾
Bonds of 1865			113¾
Bonds of 1864			112¾
Bonds of 1865			112¾
Bonds of 1862 (new)			111¾
Bonds of 1867			112¾
Bonds of 1868			113
			108
			109¾
s			110¾
ncy 6s			115¾

ames T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth e and Wood street, quote United States ities in New York to-day as follows:

States 6s of 1881	115¾
States 5-20s of 1865	113¾
States 5-20s of 1864	112¾
States 5-20s of 1865	111¾
States 10-40s	108
5-20s, January and July, 1865	111¾
5-20s, January and July, 1867	112¾
5-20s, January and July, 1868	113¾
Pacific Railroad	
Pacific Railroad	115½

merchant states that he makes all paper payis own office, and is invariably notified by the olding the paper to pay at the counter, and it is not the duty of the bank to present to nd we set the consequences are in case of his ring such paper at the bank? We say in reply is much less convenient for the bank to these notes at the private counting-house r the merchants to send and pay them at the The holders, therefore, usually send ices signifying where the notes can be found, s always wise for the payer to send a mes- and take them up early in the day, so that ir consequences" if he does not? Why, this open: The messenger of the bank will bring e around to the counting-house in the after- at as late an hour as he dare, 4½ to 5 o'clock. But remember e money the messenger must take it render the note. If he has a certified check , and the messenger is a fair man, he will at in payment and leave the notes but a few ck to be paid. Gold is the best tender, and a cross collec- refuse it and protest the note. Then do- self, made payable at the Counting-House, be protested legally, until it had been pre- the place due, but if the merchant is not in, money not ready on the instant, the notary next it. They ought to present them before ock, so as to give the payer ample opportun- rovide the money out of his bank, or to send certified check. If he does not make himself But as they wish to discourage the practice, not make it convenient for the merchant to e payment at his own office.

he following table shows the prices of y stocks, gold, etc., at the various sesof the New York Stock Exchange the day:

	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:00
April 5, 1872	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
	110½	110½	110¾	110¾	110¾
Union Tel	36	36	36¼	36¼	36¼
fax			25¾	25¾	25¾
ific	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾
go Ex			73		
n Express			64		
States Ex			51		
Central			93	93¼	93¼
ral scrip			92¼	92¼	92¼
	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
			116¾	116¾	117¼
			108		
Southern	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
			109¾		
& Paths	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
			110¾	110¾	110¾
erred		116½	116½	116½	116½
	63	63	63	63	63
erred	82	82	82	82	82
			114		
erred			93¼		
			93		
Mississ			90		
and Alton			90		
erred			95¼		
Fund & F			4		
	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:00
ay Central	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
	38¾	39	39	39½	39¾
State bonds			66¾		
			66¾		
			96		
ceolins, April			96		
			95		

ssrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and mem- the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active

ntral	61¾
e	25¾
ifornia	63
	43¾
& Alley R. R	39½

Lehigh Valley R. R.	69¼
North Penn'a R. R.	51
Camden and Amboy	124½
Schuylkill Navigat'n	16¼
Elmira	58¾

WOOL MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

4—Wool—the market begins to present a ulet appearance. There has been a little uiry from manufacturers, but they do not to any extent, as the prices now current e their views. Holders, however, are rather ot about operating, and the market closes t quoted rates. The sales are 6,000 lbs fall fornia, at 48c; 10,000 lbs pulled, California, o lbs Oregon, 62c; 5,000 lbs Cape, 46½c; Australian, 72c; 800 lbs Buenos Ayres, 41½c; Mediterranean, 46a51c; 10,000 lbs English 30 bales sheep skins, 56½c; 1,000 lbs Cape lled, 46,000 lbs super pulled, 10,000 lbs fall fornia, 46,000 lbs Smyrna, 50 bales Liverpool rrive 150,000 lbs Montevideo, on private

OF WOOL INTO NEW YORK FROM JANUARY 1 TO MARCH 31, 1872.

	Bales.
ign ports	28,504
e ports	5,031
	33,541
1871	17,879
April 5, 1872	109

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, April 5, 1872.

REMARKS—There are few new features in the general markets worthy of special mention. Indeed prices have ruled extremely uniform during the week. Trade is reported good, and daily on the increase. The weather is all that could be wished, and from the number of strange faces inquiring their way to wholesale houses, we should judge our dealers are doing a profitable business.

Following are the wholesale rates unless otherwise noted:

ASHES—The supply continues light and prices are firmer. We are reported sales common soda ashat pots 10c; pearls 11c.

APPLES—There is a fair demand for prime to choice, the market ruling from $4 50a5 50. Receipts 428 bbls.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime at 70a80c per gallon; gallon pails, per dozen $10 50; 3½ gallon pails $6 00.

BEANS—Market bare of prime Navy and sales made at $2 90a3 00 ₱ bush.

BROOM CORN—Market dull and nominal at 7a8c for prime, and 5a6c for common ₱ lb.

BROOMS—Market quiet and steady; fancy $4 50a5 00; No. 1, $4 00; No. 2 $3 50; No. 3, $2 75; common $2 25a2 50 ₱ doz.

BAKING POWDER—Royal ¼-lb cans $1 50 per doz; ½-lb cans $2 00 per dozen; 1-lb cans $6 00 per dozen; Hanna's at $1 75, $3 25 and $6 00 per dozen for the different sizes.

BUTTER—The receipts are on the increase, though previous prices are maintained. Choice table butter continuesin demand at 30a35c ₱ lb; fair to good 25a28c; common 18a21c. Receipts 1,850 packages.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—We have no changes in prices to report. Trade is fair at the following figures: Uncanvassed hams 12½c; canvassed 13½c; sugar cured hams 12c; sugar cured shoulders 9c; plain do 6½; rib sides 7½c; clear rib do 8c; clear do 8½c; sugar cured breakfast bacon 10¾a11c; dried beef 17c; mess pork $14 00; hams packed $1 25, $3 25 and $6 00 per dozen for the different sizes.

LARD—In tierces, sterline, 14 ounces, 13½c; full weight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Pennsylvania at $6; other brands $5a6 00.

CANDLES—Mould, 12c; stearine, 14 ounces, 13½c; full weight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Pennsylvania at $6; other brands $5a6 00.

CANDLES—The market continues dull and unsatisfactory, the current rates for round lots being below, with the usual advance for small lots from store.

CRANBERRIES—Sackett's Bell berries $17a18 ₱ bbl; cultivated $12 50a13 50; boxed $4 25a5 00.

CHEESE—Dealers report an active trade demand at unchanged prices. Following are the ruling figures of the market:

Ohio—Fancy 25½c; prime 24½c; good 23½c; fair to good 22½c; Java 30c; Sapsagers 18a20c; Mocha 45c; roasted coffee, loose and in one ₱ packages, 27c ₱ lb.

Sugars—Refined, crushed, granulated and powdered, 13½c; A, 13c; extra C, 12½c; C, 12c; yellow, 11½c; E. G. 12c; C, 11½c; C, 11¾c; C, yellow, 10¾a11¾c; F. F. sugars, clarified, 13½c; prime 10½c; good 10a10½c; Cuba sugars loaf 13c; *New Orleans* sugars, fair, 9½c; good 10c; prime 10½c; choice 11½c.

Syrups—Havemeyer & Elder's, H. & H. Extra 70c; White Honey 60c; Extra Silver 55c; Red Head 50c; Lavender 50c; common drabs, 45c.

New Orleans Molasses—Fancy, prime, 65c; choice 70c.

South Carolina choice 95c; Rangoon 8c; Patna 8½c.

Spices—Pepper grain 25c; pure ground 23c; Cassia bark 50c; cloves 22c; nutmegs $1 25.

EGGS—Prices are a shade better and we quote Choice to fancy at 23a25c. These figures, however, will scarcely hold long.

FISH—Receipts 475 bbls. Prices continue firm at the following quotations: Mills—white wheat bbls $6 50; sacks $6 00; southern amber, bbls $6 00; sacks $5 50; winter, sacks $7 00; sacks $7 50; Ballroad, good extra, bbls $6 25; Graham flour, bbls $5 25; sks $7 00. Meal—Kentucky bbls $5 25 ₱ bbl; ground $5 ₱ bbl; bakers flour $7, 60a7 85.

FISH—Labrador herring $5 25 ₱ half bbl. White fish scarce at $6 50 ₱ per half barrel; mackerel No 1 shore, $20; extra No. 1 bay $15; No. 2 shore, medium, $19; extra $14; No. 2 bay, in half bbls $8 5a6 00, and $8 50 in bbls. New Codfish, 5½c for inordinary, and 6c for large. New Labrador, split, $5 75; do round, $6 50.

GRAIN—Following are the receipts of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley for the past forty-eight hours: Wheat, sacks.....1,018; Corn, sacks.....1,998
Barley, sacks.....164; Rye, sacks.....134
Oats, sacks.....2,002

We have no reason to alter our quotations. With regard to wheat the receipts continue light, the mills taking all they can get, and paying good long prices. Red winter $1 60a1 65; white $1 67a1 70; small lots from stores 2a3c advance. Oats—market dull and receipts heavy; we quote at 43a45c, as per quality. Corn—There is little difference in the price of shelled and ear corn, and we quote 44a45c for shelled; for 60c; on track 56a58c. Rye is held at $1 ₱ bush, with offerings light and demand limited. Barley—fall 70a80c; spring 70a75c ₱ bu.

HAY—Choice timothy hay $20a23 ₱ ton; baled on wharf and dlack $18a20. Straw $10a11.

HOPS—We quote: 71a at 60a70c ₱ lb; old 70a 40a 50 ₱ lb.

HIDES—In good demand at 9¾a12½c.

HONEY—Sales at 25a30c ₱ lb.

HORSES—Market quiet and steady; fancy $4 50a5 00; single dressed $240; scutched $190a195.

HOMINY—$4 50a5 00 ₱ bbl.

LARD OIL—No 1 extra 58a58c; No 2, 52a54c; Cincinnati and Chicago winter strained 58a58c.

LIME—Perrysburgh white $2a2 25 ₱ bbl; Clereland $2 25; Easton $1 75; Belfast white $1 50.

MAPLE MOLASSES—Commands $1 75a2 00 per gallon.

MILL FEED—Middlings $1 50a2 00; seconds $1 45a1 60; shorts $1 15; chopped feed and corn meal $1 60; chopped corn $1 40; bolted corn meal 75c ₱ bush.

MUSCLE MEAT—Good brands held at 12½a13c per lb.

ONIONS—The market for old onions is drawing to a close, and are held at $2 50a3 00 ₱ bushel. Onion sets are in demand at $4 50a5 50 ₱ bushel as to quality.

PEACHES—Prime peachblows command 75a75c ₱ bush.

RAGS—Sales at 3¼a4c ₱ lb.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER—Sales of ¼-lb cans at $1 50; ½-lb $1; 1-lb $6 ₱ doz.

SEEDS—Timothy seed in a shade lower $5 50a5 75; inferior and dirty $4 50a5 00; timothy $5 00; flax seed $1 85.

SALT—Car load $1 85; store $2 00.

SUMAC—Sales of Tennessee made at 4½c ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales at 8a8½c per lb.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky at 10c.

WHISKY—Highwines—The common rectified 92c@ $1 60; proof rectified $1 00a1 05; rye and corn 1 01 @ $1 05 ₱ gallon; old Monongahela whisky $6 00 a8 00 as to age.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, April 6, 1872.

REMARKS—The market continues dull and unsatisfactory, the current rates for round lots being below, with the usual advance for small lots from store.

CRANBERRIES—Sackett's Bell berries $17a18 ₱ bbl; cultivated $12 50a13 50; boxed $4 25a5 00.

CHEESE—Dealers' Factory Hydraulic $5 50 a3 75; Johnson $2 25; Rosendale $4 00 a4 50; Cakeshed plaster $4 50; Land plaster, $3 50a3 75 ₱ bbl.

EVERYTHING—DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN—The market is quite active, with sales dried apples at sale; peaches, bright, new halves, 9½a10c; cold sale, mixed 7a8c; quarters 7a8c; currants, new crop, 10c old 8c; layer raisins ₱ box, $3 50; half do $1 75; Valencia do 13c; prunes 12½c for new.

GROCERIES—Dealers report an active trade demand at unchanged prices. Following are the ruling figures of the market:

Coffee—Fancy 25½c; prime 24½c; good 23½c; fair 23c; ordinary 22½c; Rio 21a23c; Java 30c; Mocha 45c; roasted coffee, loose and in one ₱ packages, 27c ₱ lb.

Sugars—Refined, crushed, granulated and powdered, 13½c; A, 13c; extra C, 12½c; C, 12c; yellow, 11½c; E. G. 12c; C, 11¾c; C, 11¾c; C, yellow, 10¾a11¾c; F. F. sugars, clarified, 13½c; prime 10½c; good 10a10½c; Cuba sugars loaf 13c; *New Orleans* sugars, fair, 9½c; good 10c; prime 10½c; choice 11½c.

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HAY—Choice timothy hay $20a23 ₱ ton; baled on wharf and dlack $18a20. Straw $10a11.

HOPS—We quote: 71a at 60a70c ₱ lb; old 70a 40a 50 ₱ lb.

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LARD OIL—No 1 extra 58a58c; No 2, 52a54c; Cincinnati and Chicago winter strained 58a58c.

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PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, April 6, 1872.

REMARKS—The crude market was dull and prices are unquestionably down to a very low figure. Notwithstanding this fact buyers are holding back and not inclined to operate. In the absence of sales we quote as follows:

CRUDE.

The raw material went begging at the following prices: Spot, or April 9c; S. O. first six months, 9c; first six months 10@11c; S. O. all year, 11½c per gallon. For prices in the oil regions see dispatches.

REFINED.

The market yesterday by way of variety was firm; The asking rates were: Spot, 21¾c; April, 21¾c; May 22¾c; June 23c. The following sales were made for eastern delivery:

2,000 bbls spot.....21¾c
1,000 bbls May.....22¼c
1,000 bbls June.....23c

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, April 5.—The *Courier* says: The market was dull and weaker to-day, and we heard only offers above $4 00. We give the following sales:

2,500 bbls upper road B. O., 1st six months ...$3 42½
1,000 bbls upper road spot.....3 42½
1,000 bbls upper road spot.....4 00
3,000 bbls upper road B. O., 1st six months ...4 00
2,000 bbls upper road A. S., to June 30th.....4 00
2,000 bbls upper road B. O. to June 30th.....4 00
600 bbls lower road spot.....3 40
6 cars lower road spot.....3 40
6 cars lower road spot.....3 45
500 bbls lower road spot.....3 45
1,000 bbls Oil City spot.....3 45

NEW YORK, April 5, closing 4th.—There is more inquiry from shippers, whilst holders are confident, and demand full retail prices. Crude in bulk 13½c; refined 22¾a22½c; sales 3,000 bbls at 22½c; 500 bbls to 511 contract at 22¾c; cases 28c. For Philadelphia delivery there is more inquiry from shippers; refined 21¾a21½c for short delivery; sales 2,500 bbls at 21¾c; 2,500 bbls at 21¾c; 2,000 for May at 22¾c.

ROUSSEVILLE, April 5.—Market quiet and dull with sales at $3 35a3 40.

PETROLEUM CENTER, April 5.—Market quiet at $3 50 asked.

OIL CITY, April 5.—Market dull and unsettled; ordinary on lower road held at $3 35a3 40; 47 gravity, Oil City held at $3 65.

TITUSVILLE, April 5.—Spot firm at $3 45.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5.—Market weak; a. w. 21¾a 21¾c; crude 10c; 23a25c; April 21¾c; May 22¾c.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

shipper.	Consignee.	Barrels.
P. Stephan	Sunbeam Oil Works	150
W Stewart	Sunbeam Oil Works	140
M. McKelvey	Star Oil Works	300
W Stewart	Woodville Oil Works	370

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

Bbls.	Bbls.
Star Oil Works.....476	Woodville Oil Works.....329
Sunbeam Oil Works.....593	
Total.....1,439	

Shipments of Refined Oil East by W. P. R. R.

Ralston & Waring, 368 obls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Logan, 200 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.

Total.....598

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, April 5, 1872.

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle offered for sale at these yards light, and heavy of droving stock. Trade today was very dull, and not much was done. Buyers anticipated a heavy run of through cattle, and purchased very sparingly. Prices remain unchanged since our last report. Following are the rates current: Extra, 1,200 to 1,350 lbs steers, $6 75 to $7 00; good to prime, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs steers, $6 25 to $6 50; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs steers, $5 50 to $6 00; bulls, stags and oxen, 900 to 1,500 lbs, $3 00 to $4 50; stock steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs, $4 00 to $4 50; Texas steers, $4 25 to 5 50.

Hogs.

The arrivals of hogs were fair. Trade has ruled very dull to-day, and prices have declined at least 10c ₱ 100 lbs since our last report. The best hogs now only bring $4 90 ₱ 100 lbs. Judging from the feeling, we think that the bottom has not yet been reached. Following are the rates current: Extra Philadelphia $4 90; prime Philadelphia $4 75a 4 85; Yorkers $4 40a4 50.

Sheep.

The receipts of sheep light to-day. The market is dull, and scarcely any selling. Prices full 50c lower than last week, with every prospect of going lower. Following are the rates current for the different kinds and grades as bought and sold to-day: Extra, 100 to 110 lbs, $9 00; good to prime, 85 to 90 lbs, $8 25a8 75; decent to fair, 75 to 80 lbs, $7 00a7 50; common, $6 00a7 00.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 5.—Pork very firm; $12 bid, $12 25 asked. Cut meats quiet but firm at 4a5c; 5a5½c asked. Bacon quiet and firm at 9½a9¾c; 10c asked. Lard dull but unchanged at 8¾a9c. Whisky dull and drooping; 92c bid, 94c asked. Cotton bale prices have declined; middling 22½c. Flour—demand fair and market firm; family $6 00a6 50. Wheat—demand fair and prices have advanced; red $1 60a1 75. Corn—demand fair and market firm at 47c. Oats—market quiet and in moderate demand at 39½c. Rye—Barley dull and unchanged at 69a75c. Groceries unchanged.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—Sugar in good demand; common 8c; fair to fair 9a9½c; prime 9¾a10c. Molasses in good demand; common rebolled 35c; fair fermenting 42a44c; cistern bottom 52c; prime 58c. Wheat—Receipts 2,000 bbls; 2,000 bu; 2,000 sks; quiet at 19¼a20½c. Cotton quiet; sales 3,000 bales; good ordinary 21½a21¾c; low middlings 22a22½c; middlings 23c. Freights 3,362 bales; exports, Liverpool, 6,781 bales; Revd, 1,285 bales; stock 154,376 bales; week's sales 25,000 bales.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, April 5.—Flour active and firmer. Wheat firm; Southern $1 55a1 80; red $1 80; amber $1 82a1 85. Corn firmer; western Nos 1 and 2 yellow 45a46c; mixed western 44c. Rye quiet at 90c. Oats $1. Provisions dull; mess pork, $14 50; bacon shoulders, clear, 45c; bulk sides, clear rib, 6¾c. Lard dull; steam 9½; kettle 9c. Whisky quiet at 88½c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm; Indiana and Ohio $6 25a8 75; Wisconsin $7 50a8 50; Minnesota $7 50a8 75. Wheat—State red $1 80a1 87. Rye 85a86c. Corn quiet; yellow 65c; mixed 64a65c. Oats unsettled at 43a45c. Whisky 92c.

MONTHLY METAL REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, April 6, 1872.

The following are the receipts of pig iron, ore, and blooms, from the daily reports of the COMMERCIAL for March; also, a comparison with previous years:

RECAPITULATION.	March, 1870.	March, 1871.	March 1872.
	cars.	cars.	cars.
P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.	1,268	1,268	1,274
Cleveland & Pitts. R. R.	960	2,113	1,251
Pittsburg Central Railroad	333	531	106
Allegheny Valley Railroad	883	1,257	1,757
Pitts. A Connelsville R. R.	47	113	109
Pitts., Cin. & St. L. R. R.	41	99	188
Western Penna. R. R.	....	10	17
	....	179	96
Total, cars	2,264	3,568	3,761
Total tons	22,640	35,680	37,610

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

	Ore.	Blooms.	Metal.	Total.
Nimick & Co				26
Shoenberger, B. A. Co				220
McKnight, Lorier & Co				64
Howey, Weiss & Co				17
Zug & Co				41
J Painter & Son				2
Moorhead & Co				8
Wharton Bros				11
J A Laughlin & Co				17
Pittsburgh Bolt Works				17
Ki man, C. & Co				6
Union Mills				6
W Dorn, Glass & Co				4
McIntosh, H. & Co				6
Lewis, Oliver & P				6
Loomis & Co				18
H Smith				5
Laughlin & Co				23
Reese, Graff & Co				8
Meredith, T. & Co				8
Lewis, B D & Co				9
Spang, C. & Co				9
Graff, B & Co				12
Lindsey & McCutcheon				41
Lucy Furnace				34
Dilworth, Porter & Co				5
Everhart, J. Bdwd				4
Brown & Co				11
Coleman, R & Co				3
Various consignees				6
Total	000		106	706

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
J. A. Caughey, m	4	J Moorhead, m	2
Dilworth, P & Co, m	5	R Wister, m	1
J Reamer, m	4	H Critchlow, m	1
Lloyd & Buck, m	2	Shoenberger, B & Co, m	3
J W Porter, m	3	Brown & Co, m	1
J Wood, Sons & Co, m	8	Mackintosh H, & Co, m	1
Total			37

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lewis, G & P, m			

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lucy Furnace, o	2	Wharton & Bro, o	1
Shoenberger & Co, o	4	Everson, G & MC, o	1
Kloman, C & Bro, o	3	Wilson, G & Co, o	1
McKnight, P & Co, o	6		
Total			19

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

April 5.—The market for Scotch pig continues moderately active, and prices still have an upward tendency. The stock is very light, and transactions have been principally for parties to arrive; the sales are 120 tons Eglinton at $22, now held at $25; 200 tons Glengarnock $22, and to arrive 600 do Glengarnock and 200 do Eglinton, on private terms. American continues in good demand, but as old rails are very little offering, business is restricted, and prices are firm at the recent advance; sales 400 tons No. 2 Lehigh, and 800 do gray forge, on terms not made public; we quote No. 1 at $54a55; No. 2 $48a50, and forge $47a48. Wrought scrap is in moderate supply and good demand at full prices; 200 tons No. 1, from yard, sold at $60. There has been very little inquiry for either new or old rails, but the stock is very much reduced, and prices are steady at $48a50 for English, and $52a53 for American, according to location of mill. Refined bar is very strong at the advance last noticed, with mill an upward tendency. The advance in "Burden's Best," and "H. R. & S." bar &c. before noticed brings the former to 7 cents round and square, and 11½, ½ to 4½x1 flats to $100, and the latter to $110, and all the sizes in proportion. The mills have again advanced one-tenth of a cent in Philadelphia, making the price there 4.5-10, and 4.7-10 exported to Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh classification. Russia sheet has been in demand, and the season supply is short—the sales no doubt reach 1,000 tons, on private terms, and are now held at 18½c gold. Common sheets are very firm at our quotations.

Import of iron into New York, from Jan. 1 to March 31, 1872:

	Bar. Tons.	Pig. Tons.	Sheet, &c. Bdls.
From foreign ports	2,701	12,334	67,721
Coastwise			256
Total	2,701	12,334	67,961
Same time 1871	2,709	15,678	76,227

—*Shipping List.*

CLEVELAND,

March 3.—Pig Iron—There is no change to note in prices. The market is more steady and very firm. The following are the present quotations: Scotch pig $28 00; Tuscarawas $26 00; Hubbard $26 00; Lake Superior Charcoal No 1 and 2 $20 00a$2 00; Nos 3, 4 and 5 $57a60; anthracite $28 50; No 2 $56 50. Superior bituminous No 1 $28 00; No 2 $26 00; Hanging Rock $28 00; forge $24 00; Missouri charcoal $60 00.

Bar—The demand is brisk, with an early prospective increase in prices of at least two-tenths per cent. Some dealers report they have more orders than they can take care of.

Nails—The advance anticipated will probably be made this week, from 25c to 50c ₱ keg. Trade is firm at present quotations, and the demand from all sections very active.—*Commercial Review.*

COTTON MARKETS.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 5.—Cotton firm and unchanged at 22½c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 5.—Cotton quiet; low middling 21¾c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, April 5.—Cotton dull and prices a shade lower; low middling 22c.

Indianapolis Market.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 5.—Flour—Demand good at full prices; sales at $6 00a8 25. Wheat—Markets steady and in moderate demand at $1 57a1 60. Corn—Demand fair and market firm at 35a41c. Oats steady and in moderate demand at 33a36c. Provisions quiet and unchanged in every respect.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, April 5.—Flour—demand fair and market firm. Wheat firm and a shade better at $1 60. Corn firm and a shade better; high mixed 43c; low mixed 42c; yellow 48½c; Michigan 48½c. Oats—market steady and in moderate demand; No. 1, 42½c. Mess pork 12½c. Lard 8½c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, April 5.—Flour—Extra superfine spring firmer at $5 80. Wheat—No 2 Milwaukee, $1 21¾, and steady. Corn—No 2 mixed firm at 39½c. Barley—spring No 2 39½c. Mess pork $11 50. Land —prime steam 8¾c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, April 5.—Wheat quiet and firm at $1 34; No. 2 red winter, $1 55a1 56. Corn steady at 42c. Oats quiet and firm at 43c. Petroleum—refined 21c.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, April 5.—Flour quiet and unchanged in every respect. Corn dull and prices have declined to 40½c. Oats—demand good at 37½c. Rye, 88½c.

Below will be found a carefully revised card list of merchant bar iron, heavy hardware and iron and nail:

MERCHANT BAR IRON AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, April 6, 1872.

The following are the card rates of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips:

Iron, standard list. Assorted orders, 4 8-10c, card rates, 2 ₱

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

MADRID, April 5.—Senor Sagasta is returned to the Cortes. According to the latest returns forty-three Government and ninety-four Coalition delegates have been elected to the Cortes.

LONDON, April 5.—Dr. Minor, who was acquitted yesterday of murder on the ground of insanity, will be temporarily confined in an insane asylum.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5, 1872.

ACQUITTED OF MURDER.

Mrs. Shea, who has been on trial for several days charged with the murder of police officer Doyle, who was shot by her while attempting to enter her house with a search warrant, was to-day acquitted, after the jury had been out fifty minutes. The defense claimed that the pistol held in the hand of Mrs. Shea went off accidentally.

THE NAVY INVESTIGATION—MR. DANA TESTIFIES.

The Naval Investigation Committee met to-night, all the members present except Blair, who left to-day for Michigan. Mr. Bartlett said he supposed the remainder of the testimony he had to offer would probably occupy three further hearings, but in consequence of the absence of one of the Committee, the only one who actually desired the investigation, he must decline to go on. If Mr. Blair were present he would not ask for a moment's delay. He did not, however, wish to dictate to the Committee. They must decide as they saw fit. The Secretary of the Navy said the Committee were clothed with all power to go on with a quorum. The charges were before them, and the evidence at hand, and he demanded that the investigation proceed. Mr. Bartlett said they were able to show four distinct violations of law, but they did not want to be hurried, and if the committee decided to go on they must take the investigation into their own hands. Mr. Peters opposed the views of Mr. Bartlett. The committee finally agreed to proceed.

Mr. Dana was then sworn and testified that he knew of no facts within his personal knowledge as to the truth of the articles in the *Sun* from February 9th to March 14th. He made the statements on conviction and belief. The information concerning E. G. Cattell's purchasing coal supplies for the navy was communicated to him confidentially; to reveal the person's name would do him injury. His informant was not in the Navy Department, nor in the service of the Government. The same person informed him that Robeson and Cattell were interested in iron for boats. He received information from other persons, but they were all in the same condition. He added that he procured much of his information from public documents, acts of Congress and reports of Executive departments. He was interrupted by Mr. Sargent as to other charges he had made in the *Sun* against Secretary Robeson, and said the bases of his articles were from persons in whom he had confidence. As to the charges that Robeson and Cattell were the grossest robbers in America, the facts developed in the last four or five days showed the fact. It was stated by the witness that the iron could have been bought for less than was paid. The charges were mainly based on public documents. In reply to a question by Mr. Peters, Dana said if he had been permitted to go on before the full Committee, he was ready to produce evidence on various points by witnesses and documents. He would furnish a list of witnesses in writing. Secretary Robeson then interrogated the witness as to various matters charged against him, reading from articles in the *Sun*. Witness thought the articles in which the charges already, and others were sustained by inference. That Robeson had corruptly received money he had no doubt, but could not say how much. Mr. Robeson—Have you taken any means to ascertain whether I am a rich or poor man? Answer—Only the general opinion and belief that you were poor when you left, but has been circulating around in the community. The opinion prevailed that Robeson spent more money than he earned; witness had no idea that Robeson possessed. Witness was then asked for the names of the authors of certain letters written from Washington to the *Sun*, but he declined to give them, on the ground that they were confidential. The examination continued a long time on specific points, Dana expressing himself satisfied from information, communication and from a report that Robeson and Cattell had corruptly obtained money from the Government. The late hour at which the committee adjourned prevented a long report of the proceedings before the committee.

A. M. Gibson, correspondent of the *Sun*, was sworn. His information was derived from various persons, which included one he believed that Cattell had something to do with the purchases of iron for the torpedo boats. His authority for stating that Cattell had something to do with the Philadelphia coal purchase for the Navy was persons in that city. He would give names to-morrow of parties for the Committee to summon; could not remember them now. Witness refused to give the names of special friends, and also refused to furnish the real charges in his letters to the *Sun*, because it would injure the parties and be a violation of confidence. Mr. Sargent suggested that Cattell be required to in the progress of the investigation be summoned as a witness.

Mr. Robeson said he would be ready with witnesses for to-morrow night's session. It was understood that Dana, in accordance with his promise, would furnish the committee a list of witnesses to summon for the various charges contained in the *Sun* articles. The committee adjourned until to-morrow evening.

Election for United States Senators in Utah.

SALT LAKE, April 5.—The State Legislature met to-day for the election of two United States Senators. In the House W. H. Hooper and Thomas Fitch were elected on first ballot. In the Senate Hooper was elected on the fifth ballot. Nine ballots were taken for the second Senator, with no choice. Fitch reading within one of election when adjournment was carried. To-morrow there will be other candidates, Luther Caton, General Burnam, Gen. Morrow, T. P. Akers and Z. Snow.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Tammany Society met in New York last night and issued a call for a primary election to be held next Wednesday, for the purpose of electing delegates to a general committee, and to the Assembly District Association. Great satisfaction was expressed at the manifestation of public confidence felt in the new Tammany Hall organization, and the belief was expressed that Tammany Hall would carry the next election by an overwhelming majority.

STATE POLITICS.

The Republican primary elections in Beaver county will be held on the 25th of May, and the County Convention assembles on the Monday following. Among the candidates already announced are: For Assembly, Saul. Cross, Samuel G. Slaughter and Associate Judge, William H. Frazier, Milton Lawrence.

Following is a full list of the delegates to the Republican State Convention from Philadelphia: Senatorial—J. C. Thompson, John McCullough, W. B. Mann, David H. Lane. Representative—Wm. Calhoun, Geo. Shaffer, Henry Hunter, Wm. Elliot, E. P. Phillips, Gen. H. H. Bingham, G. Morrison Coates, Thomas Kemble, Henry C. Dunlap, Jos. A. Bonham, William H. Shelmire, Henry Todd, George Crawford, George William Bowman, Thomas Amonet, Jere Eagle, Bushrod Taylor, John Barlow, Horatio P. Connell. Of the delegates the *Press* of Thursday says: "Almost every one of the delegates elected yesterday to represent the Republican party of Philadelphia in the Convention at Harrisburg hold offices, the tenure of many of which depends upon a Republican victory next fall. If they should support Governor Geary, who has been coquetting with them all winter, and he should be nominated, their official lives will be short. We are in hopes, however, that "the best man will win"—something which will be an exception to recent nominating conventions."

RIVER REPORT.

War Department, Signal Service, U. S. A., Division of Telegrams and Reports for the Benefit of Commerce.

April 5, 1872, 4:23 P. M.

Stations.	Rise. Feet.	Rise. Inch.	Fall. Feet.	Fall. Inch.
Cairo, Ills.	0	4	0	0
Cincinnati, Ohio	1	11	0	0
Davenport	0	1	0	0
Louisville, Ky.	0	1	0	1
Memphis, Tenn.	0	7	0	0
Nashville, Tenn.	0	6	0	3
New Orleans, La.	0	0	0	0
Pittsburgh, Pa.	0	0	0	1
Shreveport, La.	0	11	0	0
St. Louis, Mo.	0	0	0	0
St. Paul	—	—	—	—
Vicksburg, Miss.	0	0	0	4

"Rise and fall in last twenty-four hours. Dash — indicates river closed.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, April 5.—Rain and mild; mercury 40 to 60. The river has fallen one inch. Port list: Up—Arlington, C. R. Church, Fayette and Leclaire. Down—Mary Ames, Gen. Thomas, Bowman, Eagle, Business moderate. The Cairo packets took out an immense trip.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 5.—Arrived—Minnesota, Cincinnati. Departed—Capital City, Vicksburg; John Kilgore, New Orleans; Emma Elliot, Cincinnati; Arkansas River; Belle Lee, New Orleans; Colorado, St. Louis.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 5.—Arrived, City of Cairo, M. J. Wicks, St. Louis. Departed—Potomac, Cincinnati. Cloudy; thermometer 69.

That Baby.

Mr. James Clark, at whose door the infant was left on Wednesday morning, appeared yesterday before Mayor Blackmore and made an information against David Carlin, a young machinist, residing in Allegheny, and bearing a very good reputation, charging him with being the party who abandoned the child and had it sent to his residence. The police endeavored to arrest the accused but he was not at

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage, April 5th, 1872.

	Due.
Peter Beltz, Greensburg, Pa.	3
Chambers & Bro., Jacksonville, Ill.	3
Miss Carrie Williamson, Sharon, Pa.	1
Miss Mary M. Walls, Greensburg, Pa.	1
N. Jones, Philadelphia, Pa.	1

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court—Judge Collier.

Charles Thompson plead guilty to the larceny of a pocket diary from the establishment of Weldon & Co.

John Rowe, First ward, Pittsburgh, plead guilty to selling liquor without license.

Andrew Miller, tried for larceny, was found guilty and recommended to the mercy of the Court.

Richard Mannell plead guilty to illegal liquor selling in four cases. *Nol pros* allowed in two.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Robert Whittaker, indicted for forcible entry and detainer, was settled on payment of costs by permission of the Court.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth against

Joseph Handlon,	Oregon Lysle,
Robert Neilley,	W. Shaffer,
Wm. Kelley,	Bridget Shulock,
Silas D. Davis,	Henry Long.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

Wm. Rennie vs. Jones and Laughlins, action for damages, was concluded and the jury charged by the Court. No verdict at adjournment.

Jacob Daniel vs. Jones & Laughlins. Action for damages. Jury out.

In the case of Byram & Mills vs. Arthur Kirk. action on book account. A verdict of $439 was rendered for plaintiff.

Dr. A. C. Murdock vs. Thompson Bell and James Blondin. Action in replevin to recover furniture in seizure. Judgment for costs was rendered against defendants.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

In the case of Joseph Barton vs. D. D. Black and Jim Scott, and Catharine Barton vs. D. D. Black, tried before Judge Sterrett, the jury found for plaintiff with six cents damages and costs.

The case of Ryan vs. Junkin was resumed before Judge Sterrett this morning and concluded. Jury out.

In the case of Sterling Bonsall vs. Byers & Co., reported on trial yesterday, the plaintiff took a non-suit this morning.

The case of A. Seemuller, Jr., & Co. vs. Wm. Clinton was next taken up. Action on an account. Verdict for plaintiffs for $158 23.

Weldon & Kelley vs. Administratrix and Administrator of John Savage, deceased. Action on a judgment note. Verdict for plaintiff for $502 50.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the case of the United States vs. Clinton Menges, alias "Jesse" Hamilton, indicted for passing counterfeit money, the jury returned a verdict of guilty. The defendant was remanded for sentence.

The next case taken up was that of Aaron Koons, indicted for passing counterfeit money in this city. The defendant is married to a daughter of John Menges, and was arrested by Detective Lewis in Carroll township, and brought to this city. After his arrest he acknowledged that he had passed Poughkeepsie tens in this city. The detective was searching the house of John Menges, and had intercepted a letter from Koons to young Menges while the latter was in jail at Cincinnati. District Attorney Swoope appeared for the Government, and Messrs. W. D. Moore and R. J. Powers for the defense.

The first witness called for the Government was Detective Downs, who testified in relation to the arrest of defendant.

William Castle was next called and testified —Live at Muncy; know defendant, and have known him for four or five years; met him at Muncy; he boarded with John Menges; saw defendant in Allegheny in November, 1870, on Hemlock street; John Menges lived there under the name of James M. Brown; I was there at the house about a month; defendant's wife, Mary, came there with him after I came; saw defendant buy ten dollar counterfeit notes on Poughkeepsie Bank from John Menges at twenty-five cents per hundred; saw him buy them two or three times; he told me he was going to pass them, and had passed some; then went to the National Hotel, on Water street to board; Koons was still at Menges's; they moved from there to a house in East Liberty.

Cross-examined—I came here in October; had been here before; was here in July, 1870; Koons was not here when I was dealing in counterfeit money; was intimate with defendant and wife; went to see Menges's house and was there a month; don't know whether she took me or I took her; she is four years older than I; I am nineteen; I was arrested at Harrisburg; made the information against Koons after my arrest and defendant did warn me to leave Pittsburgh; I don't know that he threatened to prosecute me for adultery.

Re-direct—Mr. Swoope sent for me and asked me about Koons, lived near Menges', at Muncy; no inducements were held out to me to make the information; before engaging in passing counterfeit money I worked in a brick yard and on a farm.

M. P. Aiken sworn—Saw defendant at Muncy Dam, at John Fox's Hotel, owned by John Menges; I went there to stay all night; had some conversation with defendant; think this was in October, 1870; we had some drinks; talked with John Menges, and that he was there to buy counterfeit money from him.

Mrs. Peters, sworn—Reside in Allegheny, on East street; saw defendant at Mr. Brown's house last winter a year; his wife Mary was there; I lived up stairs in the same house; when they moved defendant was still there.

On trial.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

FIVE new cars for the Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway Company arrived yesterday.

PROF. SAXER'S Conservatory of Music is to be organized in the Hall of the Fourth Ward Public School house on Monday evening.

CONFIDENCE men appear to be making the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad cars the headquarters for their swindling operations.

AT the last meeting, Birmingham Councils levied a tax of twenty mills for borough purposes, while our tax is but twelve mills this year.

THE Allegheny Board of Health held a regular meeting last evening; but transacted no business outside of approving a number of bills.

THE Rev. R. B. Ewing, pastor of the U. P. Church in East Liberty, has declined the offer of the Presidency of Westminster College, at New Wilmington, Pa.

THE citizens of the Eleventh ward nuisance have purchased a lot on the corner of Wylie avenue and De Villiers street, upon which they propose to erect a church edifice this season.

THE last Grand Jury was requested to be referred to the county jail, as a decidedly unwholesome place of residence. With its present ventilating and heating arrangements it may well be named a "living tomb."

THE special election for Justice of the Peace in the First ward of East Birmingham, took place yesterday. Mr. J. P. Heisel received 531 votes and J. C. Harrar, 447 votes. Heisel was therefore re-elected by a majority of 20 votes.

YESTERDAY morning a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad ran into a wagon crossing Liberty street, near the foot of Smithfield. The wagon was demolished, but, fortunately, nobody was hurt.

THE Rev. J. B. Jackson will preach under the auspices of the Eleventh ward Mission to-morrow (Sabbath) evening, in Bethel of the Eleventh ward public school house, Granville street, near Wylie avenue at 7½ o'clock.

MISS ELLA KNAPP, who personated "Queen Esther" recently at Library Hall, is to be assistant preceptress in the Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music. Mr. James Bebout will be Secretary.

JOSEPH LIEBLER appeared before Alderman Strain yesterday and charged John Black, Jr., with embezzlement. The accused had collected some rent for Mr. Liebler, but failed to turn it over. Warrant issued.

CAPT. JOSEPH CUPPLES, of the police force, was arraigned yesterday before Alderman Strain with assaulting and beating a prisoner in the lock-up. Hearing waived and bail given for Court.

MR. OSTENDORF, Sr., was descending a pair of steps in the rear of the house No. 479 Liberty street, yesterday, when the steps broke down and he fell a distance of about eight feet, breaking one of his arms.

YESTERDAY James Crawford, Sr., made an information before Alderman McMasters charging his nephew with malicious trespass. The parties reside in Ohio township, and plaintiff alleges defendant tore down fences and other pranks on his property. Hearing to-day.

A SERMON, under the auspices of the Young Mens' Christian Association, will be delivered on Sabbath afternoon next evening, by Rev. S. F. Scovel in the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street. Young men are cordially invited.

THE corner stone of the Carson street M. E. Church Birmingham, between Sixth and Seventh streets, will be laid with appropriate ceremonies on Tuesday, April 9, at 2 P. M. Services will be conducted by Rev. Jeremiah Knox, assisted by other ministers.

ON NEXT Monday and Tuesday evenings, Professor R. W. Seager, who produced "Esther" so successfully a few weeks ago at Library Hall, desires to meet "all singers and lovers of song" at the hall of the Fourth ward school house, for the organization of a conservatory of music in this city. We wish the Professor all success in his enterprise.

MRS. HELEN P. JENKINS delivered her lecture, "Woman and the Ballot," in the Third Methodist Protestant Church, Fifth avenue and Market street, last evening. The audience present was large in numbers, and made up of cultured people, who listened attentively to the arguments presented in favor of woman's right to political enfranchisement. Mrs. Jenkins is a pleasing speaker, and is capable of making any subject interesting.

THE ordinance which passed the first branch of the Ballistics Creek Council last week, providing for a renewal and extension of the mortgage due the city of Baltimore by the Pittsburgh Connellsville Railroad Company, passed the second branch Thursday afternoon, and now goes to the Mayor for his approval or disapproval. The mortgage is extended to the extent of 35,000,000, some $250,000 being available for side tracks, equipment and paying present liabilities.

THE Allegheny Board of Poor Directors held their regular monthly meeting last evening. The report of the committee that had been appointed to investigate the management of the Farm was presented. The report stated that there was no grounds for the rumors that had prevailed for some time in reference to mismanagement at the County Home. The report further stated that, after a full and impartial investigation, they found that the management was excellent, and that the Steward, Mr. Johnson, was faithful in the discharge of his duties, and rendered entire satisfaction to the inmates. The report was adopted, and thus the investigation ended.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The best class of playgoers vindicated their claim to a capacity for intelligent appreciation of the best class of acting by making the auditorium of this theater last evening look almost as thronged and beautiful to the eye of the beholder as it is wont to be on an evening of Italian Opera. This was a great triumph for Mrs. Bowers, and it is only fair to bespeak as great a one for Fanny Janauschek, when her surprising genius shall again irradiate the same stage. Mrs. Bowers will appeal to the sensibilities of a matinee audience to-day in "East Lynne," and at night, will fill the cup of attraction to overflowing, by first illustrating the homicidal wife in "Lucrezia Borgia," and afterward sweetening the unpleasant flavor with the submissive wife of Tobin's "Honeymoon." Three such peculiar doses in one day of the vicissitudes of married life ought to make connubial history enough to last the multitude for an indefinite period.

Academy of Music.

Mr. Robert McWade brings to an end to-day a remarkably successful week of "Rip Van Winkle." He has inaugurated for Mr. Beamer such a season of success as was anticipated for the Academy when it was first opened. Those who now miss the chance of seeing Mr. McWade in this drama—which is played both afternoon and evening—will not have the opportunity of seeing it again until next fall.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

There is a prospect of rain to-day about the time people will want to go to places of amusement. Other theaters may be affected by this change in the weather, but the Varieties will not. The programme of irresistible attraction supplied by Manager Aiken will continue to be crowded in spite of atmospheric unpleasantness; and, if the sun does shine and the streets are dry, there will be little use in trying to get a seat.

Caroline Richings.

The announcement is definitely made that Caroline Richings will commence a week of operatic delight at the Academy of Music on Monday. Every one will wish to improve the chance to listen to her splendid voice and method in a house where they can be enjoyed so splendidly.

Theodore Thomas.

The great conductor, is to be here on the 24th and 25th inst. Those wailing to be electrified by sparks of magnetic orchestration will please hold themselves in a state of careful preparation.

Swindled.

Yesterday afternoon a man named John Largenbaum telegraphed from Rochester, Pa., to Chief of Police Irwin, that he had been swindled out of $425 on a train which left this city during the day. In the afternoon the man arrived and stated to Mr. Irwin that shortly before the train arrived at Rochester a couple of well dressed strangers succeeded in stacking him a bagfull of brass medals for his good greenbacks. An attempt to discover the scoundrels has thus far proved futile. This is a repitition of a game played only a few days since on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, and three minutes' walk from Bellevue Station. The dwelling has eight rooms, bath-room and three attic rooms, with Baxter range, and is supplied with water in kitchen and bath room. The house is in splendid repair and nearly new. The lot is covered with choice fruit trees and shrubbery, and commands a fine view of the Ohio river and surrounding country for a distance of ten miles. Persons wishing to locate in a pleasant locality which is certain to increase in value consequent upon further improvement cannot do better than give this place their special attention. For particulars inquire of A. McILWAINE, on the premises, or at 147 Federal street, Allegheny.

Fine Stock of Cigars and Tobacco.

A new wholesale and retail tobacco and cigar store has just been opened at No. 58 Sixth street, (late St. Clair,) by J. Parke Wilson, where persons who are wont to indulge in the weed can get the best article of tobacco and the finest brands of cigars. While Mr. Wilson's stock is first-class throughout, we desire to call particular attention to the fact that he makes a specialty of imported cigars. In this particular branch of his business he is prepared to defy competition, and will furnish the best brands at the lowest prices. Mr. Wilson is an affable and accommodating young man with hosts of friends, and we wish to build up a good trade at his new stand. Those of our readers wanting anything in his line at wholesale or retail can be well accommodated as elsewhere. Try his imported cigars.

The Favorite.

The Keystone is rapidly becoming the favorite sewing machine in this section. Its success is truly wonderful, when we reflect that it has but recently been introduced hereabouts, and that the claims of other machines had been before urged upon our people in every conceivable way. Its present popularity can only be accounted for in one way, and that is its superior excellence in all the advantages of other machines without their disadvantages. Its simple construction, noiseless operation, and the facility with which it may be learned, all recommend it to all. Mr. F. B. Kenner, No. 24 Fifth avenue (second story), is the agent of the Keystone.

The Best Family Soap.

As will be seen by reference to their card on our first page, the firm of Hay, Brother & Co., wholesale grocers, No. 243 Liberty street, are receiving eleven hundred boxes of James Armstrong & Co.'s celebrated best family soap. This soap has no superior, and has the advantage of being at least twenty per cent. cheaper than other brands of the same quality. The firm named are prepared to supply the trade on reasonable terms.

For the Road.

As the driving season will soon be inaugurated we desire to bring to the notice of our readers the fact that Messrs. Workman & Davis are prepared to furnish the finest driving wagons to be had in the city. The firm named are recognized leaders in the manufacture of all kinds of carriages, and their work will compare favorably with any produced in Eastern manufactories. We were recently shown some specimens at their repository, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street, that for artistic finish are rarely excelled. Messrs. Workman & Davis manufacture all kinds and styles of vehicles ranging from six passenger coaches to single driving wagons. Give them a call and examine their fine work.

Grand Opening.

Mr. Julius Sichel, of Philadelphia, will have his grand opening on April 9th and 10th of the newest and most recherche styles of pattern hats and bonnets, just imported from Paris. As his importations are always the most approved, the ladies will be able to make selections from all that will make them look charming. We advise a call on him at 107 and 109 West Eighth street, Philadelphia.

Sold on Monthly Installments.

A good reliable piano for $200. Mr Hale has on hand constantly the largest stock of pianos in the city; comprising style and prices suited to every class of society. Call at No. 29 Fifth avenue and you will be convinced.

SEVENTY-FIVE SEWING MACHINES AT AUCTION.

Seventy-Five Sewing Machines at Auction.

Messrs. Straw & Morton, the agents of the Singer Sewing Machine, at No. 20 Sixth street, propose to move their business to No. 24, on the same street, on the 8th day of April. At two P. M. of that day they will sell at the old room the entire stock of second-hand machines which have been taken in exchange for the improved Singer, over seventy-five in number. Many of these are almost new, and will be sold without reserve, as none of them will be moved to the new store. Among the lot are eight Wheeler & Wilson's, in first rate order; two new Ellipticx; two Florences, one of them silver plated and scarcely soiled; one entirely new drop feed Empire; two improved Weeds, in perfect order; one new American Button Hole Machine; one folding table Wilson Shuttle, good as new; besides Grover & Bakers, Howes, Atmas, and letter A Singers, specially adapted to pant and vest making, &c., &c. Terms of payment easy.

Any person purchasing one of these machines, and not being fully satisfied with it after using it, can make an exchange for an improved Singer, and be allowed all that was paid for it. STRAW & MORTON.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Pyle's O. K. Soap

Is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the use of the O. K. Soap will never use any other.

The Franklin Savings Bank of Allegheny.

The Franklin Savings bank may be reckoned among the most reliable, popular and prosperous of the financial institutions of Allegheny City. Its management is proven in favor from its opening and now possesses the entire confidence of the community. This could not well be otherwise, founded as it is on the principle of the individual liability of of its stockholders for all its obligations, when the character and responsibility of the business men who control its interests are taken into the account. With such wealthy and well-known citizens as Mr. George R. Riddle as President, Mr. James H. Riddle, as cashier, and Messrs. D. Macferron, Simon Drum, J. W. Hall, Wm. Park, R. H. Kox and Wm. Burgoyne in the Board of Directors, each of whom is personally concerned to have its affairs prudently managed, every guarantee of absolute safety is afforded the depositor. Of the financial ability of the above named officers there can be no doubt in the minds of those acquainted with their qualifications and success in business. We have been particular in mentioning the names of the officers and Directors, and the feature of individual liability of the stockholders, because on these facts the character of the institution and its claims to the full confidence of the public in a great measure depend. Upon these considerations, and in view of the confidence it has gained and the rapidly increasing business of the Franklin Savings Bank, we can unhesitatingly recommend it as a safe depository to all who may have funds to entrust in its care. Another advantage possessed by this institution is its central and convenient location, No. 12 Ohio street, Allegheny. Depositors should bear in mind the several advantages afforded by this institution before leaving their money elsewhere. Remember entire immunity from danger or loss is guaranteed.

Testimonials

Of the highest character are in the hands of the proprietors recommending B. L. Fahnestock's Lung Syrup. Sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Beck Beer.

The first of the season, at C. Wolters, No. 4 Sixth avenue.

New Goods.

Messrs. Gildenfenney & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue, have just received another stock of fine pocket books of all styles and prices, but no dear ones, as they make it a point to sell everything at low prices. They also have a fine stock of the new Episcopal Hymnal bound in every style; also a splendid assortment of albums can be found at this establishment. Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

The Best Chance

Offered for investment is the sale of lots on Penn avenue Monday next, at 10 A. M. These lots, situated at the intersection of Main street and Penn avenue, are bound to increase in value of any real estate in this city. No postponement of sale on account of weather.

The Allegheny Central Hotel.

A first class hotel convenient to the business portion of the city of Allegheny is an institution which the traveling public have long desired to see established. Such a house is the Allegheny Central Hotel, located on the corner of Fifth avenue and Diamond Park, which was opened April 1st by Messrs. Muller, McCullough & Co. That the Allegheny Central will prove a profitable investment to the owner is certain, and that it will be otherwise can be no doubt, and the wonder is that such a house was not long since thrown open to the public. The central location is a weighty matter, many of which are fitted up in elegant style. In all its various appointments the Central is all that could be desired. For persons doing business in Allegheny or Pittsburgh, or for families in want of first class boarding there can be no better accommodations than are afforded by the Allegheny Central. Polite waiters are in the door and it is but a few steps from the hotel to either the Western or Pittsburgh depots. The Central as will thus be seen is preferable in many respects to the hotels on this side of the river.

Penn Avenue

Was in an impassable condition during two years. It is not yet finished. Improvements on both sides of the street have hardly commenced, and only in portion will it be thrown open to travel a few months ago, and yet it is to-day already one of the most important thoroughfares of Pittsburgh.

Main street is laid out from the Allegheny river to the Monongahela, has a good grade, and is fifty feet wide. Those two are the only streets which traverse the whole city from west to east and from north to south.

At the intersection of Main street and Penn avenue is situated the valuable lot and property which Mr. McIlwaine will offer for sale at public auction Monday morning at ten o'clock. No postponement of sale on account of the weather. Call and examine the corner of Main street and Penn avenue at 9½ A. M. and returns at 12 noon.

Assorted Crates

White stone and common ware, suitable for country trade, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Plate Glass.

Persons building or altering their stores or houses will find it to their advantage to call at 86 Wood street, and get prices for French plate and window glass. J. J. Gillespie & Co.

A Cough, Cold and Sore Throat.

Require immediate attention, as neglect often times results in some incurable Lung Disease. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" will almost invariably give relief. Obtain only the genuine. 8

Best and Only Family Medicine—Sandford's Liver Invigorator.

A purely vegetable cathartic tonic—for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headache, bilious attacks and all derangements of liver, stomach and bowels. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations. 8

Great Bargains in Pianos

One Dunham square piano, nearly new, cataloge price $625, will be sold for $325.

One Stanley & Sons piano, finely carved, list price $600 and in use but three months will be sold for $350.

One Hoffman & Hale piano, in use but a short time, cataloged price $450, will be sold for $225.

One Norton & Co. piano, in good order, seven octave, will be sold for $175.

Any one of the above pianos can be had at John M. Hale's, 29 Fifth avenue. Terms, half cash down; balance in monthly. New pianos.

Removal.

As will be seen by reference to the card in another column, Messrs. McMurry & Reed, commission merchants and grain dealers, have removed their office to No. 305 Liberty street, near the Elevator. The members of the firm are well known in this city, worthy of public confidence, and we wish them success in their new location.

The Largest and Finest Stock.

The largest and finest stock of furniture to be found in either city, is the one now on hand at the establishment of Messrs. D. W. Hunt man & Co., Nos. 41 and 43 West Ohio street, Allegheny city. Their parlor sets cannot be excelled for beauty of style or finish by any other house west of the mountains. They sell all kinds of furniture, and persons in need of anything in their line will find them very liberal in their prices. Call and examine their immense stock before furnishing your houses.

This Delightful Weather

Has inaugurated a perfect rush of ladies upon our dry goods establishments. Among the most popular resorts frequented by the fair ones, we notice the new store of Messrs. Euwer, Eberhart & Co., No. 156 Federal street, Allegheny city. We do not wonder at this, as the firm designated keep a fine assortment of the very latest styles of everything in the way of dry goods, and they not only have the best, but their prices are the lowest that can be obtained for the same goods in either Allegheny or Pittsburgh. Our lady readers should call and see the goods.

For Rent.

Farm of thirty acres, eight miles from the city, on the Steubenville Pike. All under cultivation. A good brick house, large barn, delightful spring and well of water, several acres of strawberries and grapes, currant and gooseberry bushes, and good orchard. To a reliable man desiring to work the place it will be let very low. For terms apply immediately to John M. Hale, 29 Fifth avenue.

Penn Avenue Property For Sale.

Monday morning at ten o'clock, will be sold at the premises in Lawrenceville, a number of very desirable building lots, the description of which our readers will find in the advertisement of McIlwaine.

The property is situated on some of the most important streets of Lawrenceville, and is as fine a selection of real estate as ever was offered for public sale in this city. The lots on the corner of Main street and Penn avenue are probably the most valuable in Lawrenceville. There will be no postponement of the auction on the account of the weather, as the owner of the property intends to go to Europe soon after the day of the auction. The sale will be finished in a few hours, so that business men and mechanics may attend without losing a whole day. As real estate of this kind is very scarce, and the demand for it increasing daily, all who wish to invest ought to attend this auction.

Free excursion cars will leave the corner of St. Clair street and Penn avenue 9½ A. M., and return at noon or sooner.

Go to Charlie Wolters'

And try his bock beer, and get a good lunch.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

V. E. BEAMER.....Lessee and Manager.

Last appearance of the Young Diriect Comedian.

MR. ROBT. M'WADE.

Grand Rip Van Winkle Matinee at 2 30 P. M.

THIS EVENING—

RIP VAN WINKLE;

Or, THE SLEEP OF TWENTY YEARS.

Rip Van Winkle.....Mr. Robt. McWade.

Mrs. CAROLINE RICHINGS BERNARD will shortly appear in the MUTE SINGER.

New Pittsburgh Opera House

FISHER & GOTTHOLD.....Lessees and Managers.

Engagement o the Great Actress,

MRS. D. P. BOWERS.

And the Popular Actor, Mr. J. C. McCOLLOM.

IMMENSE SATURDAY NIGHT BILL. Mrs. BOWERS in the Sensational Drama of

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, April 6th,

LUCRETIA BORGIA; or the Poisoner.

To conclude with the

HONEYMOON.

GRAND MATINEE AT 2 P. M.,

FAST LYNNE, Mrs. BOWERS as the ELOPEMENT.

Monday—AMY ROBSART.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER

FRED. AIMS.....Manager.

FITZ SIMMONS.....Stage Manager.

MONDAY NIGHT (Second) ATTENDANCE.

Billy Carter, Hannah Birch, Charley Howard, Pete Conway, Lew Rintell, Alice Bateman, Gilbert and Sedan, James Kealy, Billy Noonan, Flora Benton, Tilly Pearson, Lucy Gilbert and others.

Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, 2 30.

FIRST CONCERT TO BE GIVEN BY

Prof. Wm. Guenther's Pupils,

Assisted by some of our best Home Talent, at the

Mercantile Library Hall, on April 18, 1872.

Tickets for sale at H. Kleber & Bro.'s Music Store. apl4,1

PROF. DE LONG'S

GRAND JUVENILE

Fancy Dress Exhibition.

AT LAFAYETTE HALL,

Thursday Evening, April 11th.

The Programme embraces Ballroom, Characteristic and Fancy Dances by Mr. Frank Dwyer and Miss Ada Berger, executed by Prof. De Long's Pupils. Prof. TEORGE'S FULL ORCHESTRA will furnish the Music.

Tickets $1, to be had of the Pupils and at the door on the night of the Exhibition. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

LIBRARY HALL BUILDING.

Pittsburgh Academy of Art and Design.

SPRING EXHIBITION, 1872.

OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.

Admission, 25c. Children under twelve, 15c. Special rates for Schools. tf

SAMARITAN'S GIFT

Is now so popular that those sickening drugs—Balsam Copaiba, &c.—are very little used. This is important for many reasons. First, being a positive cure, purely vegetable, and will not disorder the stomach or the most delicate. Only ten pills to be taken. In effect a cure is sure, of course can be done without the knowledge of any person and there is no smell from the breath. Those advantages possessed by the SAMARITAN'S GIFT

Over all others, have been the means of preventing broils and troubles which under the old dragging could not be avoided. The Samaritan's Gift is the favorite remedy of the day.

Male packages $2; female $3. Sent by mail.

JOSEPH FLEMING,

84 Market street, Agent for Pittsburgh.

UPHOLSTERS.

E. EDMUNDSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

MATTRESSES, COMFORTS, BLANKETS,

And All Kinds of Bed Trimmings.

LACE CURTAINS, DRAPERIES AND

Fine Curtain Goods and Trimmings, Window Shades, Cornices, &c.

55 MARKET STREET.

The Best in the World

Awarded THE BEST wherever exhibited. Guaranteed to prove as by the Manufacturers. Recommended as having proved so by the Purchasers.

Howe's & Sampson's U. S. Standard

SCALES,

OF ALL SIZES AND VARIETIES.

Also, STORR AND BAGGAGE TRUCKS, PATENT MONEY DRAWERS, SAFES AND LOCKS.

SOUDER & McCLURG,

GENERAL AGENTS, 63 WOOD STREET

SASH!

We have an immense Stock of DOORS, SASH, SHUTTERS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SIDING, SHINGLES, and GENERAL BUILDING MATERIAL.

8x10 1⅝ inch thick, 12 lights.....35c.
8x10 1¾ inch thick, 12 lights.....39c.
9x12 1⅝ inch thick, 12 lights.....70c.
9x16 1⅝ inch thick, 12 lights.....80c.
12x24 1¾ inch thick, 4 lights.....90c.
12x24 1¾ inch thick, 4 lights.....$1 00.

Every size kept on hand.

CLEAR BOARD DOORS, RAISED PANEL,

2 feet 6x6 feet 6 inches thick.....$2 80
2 feet 8x6 feet 8 inches, 1¾ thick.....3 10
2 feet 10x6 feet 10 inches, 1¾ thick.....3 40
Best 18 inch Sawed Shingles.....$6 00 per M

MELLON BROTHERS, East Liberty,

P. O. Address Wilkins Postoffice, Allegheny county, Pa.

Feathers and Beeswax

ALL GRADES.

F. G. CRAIGHEAD,

262 LIBERTY STREET

COREY & CO., COAL AND COKE DEALERS,

Are prepared to furnish a Superior Article of

PITTSBURGH COKE,

Either in Cars for Western Orders or to the City Trade, Wholesale or Retail.

Office—362 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in Manilla, Cordage, Hardware, Glass, Cargot, Bailing, Ro